

Berlin Road, Catford.











L/CPL
HARRY
WAKELLEN

DIED
23/7/1916

IN
REMEMBRANCE



DIED
23/7/1916



IN
REMEMBRANCE

L/CPL
HARRY
WAKELIN



L/CPL
HARRY
WAKELIN

DIED
23/7/1916

IN
REMEMBRANCE



In Memory of
Lance Corporal

Harry Wakelen

17829, 1st Bn., Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry who died on 23 July 1916

Remembered with Honour
Thiepval Memorial



Commemorated in perpetuity by
the Commonwealth War Graves Commission

WAKEFIELD, Rfn. John, 2329. 1st/5th Bn.
The King's Liverpool Regt. 10th Sept., 1916.

WAKEFIELD, Pte. John, 6470. 1st/24th Bn.
London Regt. 18th Sept., 1916. Age 24. Son
of Thomas and Lavinia Wakefield, of School Lane,
Belton, Loughborough, Leicestershire.

WAKEFIELD, Pte. John William, 3320. 1st/5th
Bn. Cheshire Regt. 1st July, 1916. Age 20. Son
of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Wakefield, of 4, Loch St.,
Runcorn, Cheshire.

WAKEFIELD, Cpl. Leonard Thomas, 11941.
15th Bn. Sherwood Foresters. 19th Aug., 1917.
Age 21. Son of Elizabeth Wakefield, of 31,
Balderton Gate, Newark, Notts, and the late
Cdr. Sergt. I. Wakefield.

WAKEFIELD, Lce. Cpl. Linton Frank, 4652.
9th Bn. Royal Fusiliers. 15th Aug., 1916.

WAKEFIELD, Lce. Cpl. Oliver Thomas, 1024.
"D" Coy. 16th Bn. Royal Warwickshire Regt.
27th July, 1916. Age 20. Son of Elizabeth
Wakefield, of Pinfold Farm, Mansfield Rd.,
Yardley, Birmingham, and the late W. Wakefield.

WAKEFIELD, Pte. William Neighbour, 48852.
8th Bn. North Staffordshire Regt., formerly
(T4/239088) Royal Army Service Corps. 12th
March, 1918. Age 21. Son of William and
Annie Wakefield, of 193, Church St., Woking,
Surrey.

WAKEFORD, 2nd Lt. George Tarik. 4th Bn.
Royal Berkshire Regt. 23rd July, 1916.

WAKELAND, Pte. William, 3/5435. 1st Bn.
Duke of Cornwall's Light Inf. 23rd July, 1916.

WAKELIN, Lce. Cpl. Harry, 17829. 1st Bn.
Duke of Cornwall's Light Inf. 23rd July, 1916.

WAKELIN, Pte. Harold, 17498. 15th Bn. Royal
Scots. 1st July, 1916. Age 21. Son of
Benjamin and Betty Wakelin, of 10, Whalley Rd.,
Shuttleworth, Ramsbottom, Manchester.

WAKELING, Pte. Frederick, G/17503. 2nd Bn.
Royal Sussex Regt., formerly 3rd/1st West Kent
Yeomanry. 27th Sept., 1916. Age 19. Son of
William Valentine Wakeling and Mary Ann
Wakeling, of 23, Leyton Square, Peckham,
London.

WAKELING, Pte. Victor Albert, 4772. 11th Bn.
Sherwood Foresters. 1st July, 1916. Age 19.
Son of W. H. and Louisa Wakeling, of 23, Hoxton
Square, Shoeditch, London.

WAKELING, Pte. Walter, 2545. 1st Bn. King's
Own Royal Lancaster Regt. 10th Oct., 1916.

WAKELY, Rfn. George, 472898. 1st/12th Bn.
London Regt. (The Rangers). 7th Oct., 1916.

WAKELY, Lce. Sergt. Walter, 18930. 4th Bn.
Grenadier Guards. 15th Nov., 1916. Age 27.
Son of Richard and Mary Wakely; husband of
Alice J. Wakely, of "Eversley," 15, Minen Rd.,
Bexhill-on-Sea, Sussex.

WAKELY, Pte. Henry, 25009. See
"PEVERLEY" the true family name.

WAKEMAN, Pte. James, 28955. 124th Coy.
Machine Gun Corps (Inf.). 8th Oct., 1916.
Age 33. Son of Mrs. Frances Wakeman, of 10,
Cooksey Rd., Small Heath, Birmingham.

WAKEMAN, Pte. Thomas Frank, 6743. 1st Bn.
Somerset Light Inf. 1st July, 1916.

WALBRIDGE, Lce. Cpl. Francis Arthur, 19540.
6th Bn. Somerset Light Inf. 18th Aug., 1916.
Age 18. Son of Samuel and Sarah Jane Walbridge,
of Misterton, Crewkerne, Somerset.

WALBURN, Pte. John Henry, 20464. 12th Bn.
Northumberland Fusiliers. 13th July, 1916.
Age 27. Son of John and Margaret Isabella
Walburn; husband of Mary Jane Turner
(formerly Walburn), of 18, Sleetburn Lane, Alum
Waters, New Brancepeth, Durham.

WALCH, Pte. William Frederick, 24348. 1st Bn.
Loyal North Lancs Regt. 6th March, 1917.

WALCOTT, Pte. Jack, 2303. 4th Regt. South
African Inf. 19th July, 1916.

~~WALDEN, Pte. Charles Sydney, 12009. "A"
Coy. 9th Bn. Essex Regt. 12th Aug., 1916. Age
19. Son of the late Charles and Emma Walden.~~

WALDEN, Pte. Charles Wallis, 12995. "A"
Coy. 2nd Bn. Northamptonshire Regt. 8th
July, 1916. Age 24. Son of Mr. and Mrs. C.
Walden, of 147, Bridge St., Northampton.

WALDEN, Pte. Daniel, 5141. 1st/4th Bn.
Northumberland Fusiliers. 13th Nov., 1916.

WALDEN, Cpl. Ernest, 18/357. 18th Bn. West
Yorkshire Regt. 22nd May, 1916. Age 22.
Son of Jane Ann Walden, of 91A, Otley Rd.,
Bradford, and the late William Walden.

WALDEN, Pte. Frederick Arthur, 18195. 2nd Bn.
Northamptonshire Regt. 8th July, 1916.

Date
of
authority

To whom
Authorized

Amount
Authorized

£ s. d.

.6.7/1	Bros Charles	18 6
"	Richard	18 6
"	William	18 6
Sis Mrs Mary the Fry		18 6
" Mrs Sarah H Woodham		18 6
" Mrs Maud Farnell		18 6
" Mrs Alice E Inance		18 6
" Clara E.		18 5

207
1/2
Sis Sarah H Woodham

YOUNGEST SOLDIER.

CATFORD BOY CLAIMS THE HONOUR.

It was claimed by a correspondent in "The Star" that Yarmouth had supplied the British Army with its youngest soldier. Private George Carr, 5th Norfolks, who enlisted last March, when he was just over 14 years of age, and who has been invalided home from Suvla Bay, was accorded the honour.

On Friday, under the heading "Another Soldier of 14," "The Star" published the following:—

"Private A. Chapman, writing from the County of London War Hospital, Epsom, says:

"I beg to announce, in reference to Yarmouth's claim of supplying the British Army with the youngest soldier, that I am younger than he is, enlisting last April on my fourteenth birthday in the 20th County of London Regiment, Blackheath.

"I am a native of Catford, in Kent, and I am proud to say my brother, Private C. Chapman, is serving with our first battalion in France at the age of 17.

"I send my best regards to my fellow comrade, Private G. Carr. Will the slacker hang back and see two boys at 14 in H.M. forces?"

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CONSCIENCE AND KILLING.

OBJECTIONS TO SERVICE.

FIRST CASES AT LEWISHAM MILITARY TRIBUNAL.

“WAR ABSOLUTELY IMMORAL.”

The first batch of conscientious objectors before the Lewisham Military Tribunal appeared at the Town Hall, Catford, on Monday evening, when the whole of the

FOREST HILL BELGIAN REFUGEES' HOMES.

About a year ago the Committee published a report on the origin and progress of these Homes, and they feel it is again their duty to inform their supporters as to the present position. When this work was first undertaken it was not anticipated that our unfortunate friends would require our assistance for anything like the time they have now been with us. The Committee feel that it is right to give hospitality to those still requiring help, and they are confident that those residents and tradesmen who have helped them in the past will still give them the necessary support. The number of guests has diminished to an average of about 25. There are no able-bodied men being supported, as all have either joined the Belgian Forces or found employment, mostly in Munition Factories.

Several gallant Belgian soldiers have visited their friends and relations when on leave, and it has been a pleasure to hear their expressions of gratitude for the good work Forest Hill has done by keeping up the Homes, and undoubtedly a great and lasting impression has been made on those we have helped.

The treasurer's books have recently been audited by Mr. M. J. Faulks, M.A., F.S.A.A., and the committee will be pleased to shew any

WOMEN CINEMA MANAGERS.

A Mr. Kayman, said to be a jeweller, claimed, as a director of Lewisham Electric Theatre, to retain the services of Mr. Harman, the manager. Harman only appeared, and when asked if his directors could not get another manager, replied in the negative.

"It would not be detrimental to the national interest if the place were shut up," the Chairman observed.

Harman: I think it would.

Mr. Marchmont remarked that it did not appear to require any technical knowledge to manage a cinema. He thought he could manage one.

Applicant: I think you will agree with me it is a very responsible thing.

Questioned further, he said there was a second director who was a fishmonger, but, like the jeweller, he was too busy to come. There was a secretary.

Could he not possibly have come?—Oh, he is a busy man, too.

Alderman Ball suggested that a woman might take applicant's place.

Exemption was refused.

Headquarters, Alwyck House, Catherine-
street, London, W.C.

Six Catford Brothers Serving.

Six sons of Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Roseveare, 57, Inchmerry-road, Catford, are serving with the Colours. Before the war they all held good civil appointments. One has been sent home from the Dardanelles severely wounded, three are on the Western front, and two are still in training. The record is one of which the parents are justly proud. Their names and regiments are: Frederick (Royal Welsh); Herbert (Worcestershire Yeomanry—now under treatment in hospital at Norwich); Cecil (R.A.M.C., in France); Leslie (Royal Fusiliers, in France); Stanley (Hussars, in France); and Percy (20th London). With the exception of Percy, who has been serving as a drummer, they are "old boys" of the Ivydale-road School, Nunhead. Percy, who is only 17, attended the Sandhurst-road School, Catford.

Lee and the Red Cross.

A sum of £28 14s. 10d. was collected on Saturday afternoon at a Red Cross Fair.

CARTOON OF THE WEEK.

ARMLETS AND THE MAN.



Reprinted by permission of [unclear]

Like Proprietor of "Punch."

MR. PUNCH (to the stout, married man). "SO YOUR COUNTRY CALLS ON YOU SOONER THAN YOU THOUGHT, I CONGRATULATE YOU."

air. (Laughter.)
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ribunal disallowed

ARSENAL.

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4s. 6d. per week
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aid that his rent
our wife require as

CATFORD WHEN A
VILLAGE.

INTERESTING PEEP INTO THE PAST.

Impressions of an Old Resident.

The borough of Lewisham, in common with
all boroughs round London, has grown so enor-
mously of late years, and Catford being one of
the popular suburbs, it occurs to me that it
might be of interest to some of your readers
if I, as an old resident, drew upon my memory
of what a part of the

OUR
BRI

REMARK

Interesti

Lovers of
especially o
Short Life,"
able work o
has been ca

CATFORD FAMILY'S SACRIFICE.

THREE OUT OF FIVE SONS KILLED

For example, if a soldier is killed in the
war, the family is not expected to be
satisfied that the soldier died. They
are expected to be satisfied that the
soldier died for a noble cause.

SERGT. CHARLES HIGHGATE.

Apart from being three of their five sons serving with the Colours, Mr. and Mrs. Highgate, 4, Melena-street, Catford, have recently lost one of their two grandsons who are in the Army. The details, given last week, as to the sacrifices this family have made, and their sons' records, we supplement by one or two additional particulars. Sergt. Charles Highgate, A.S.C., served in the South African War, holds the Kimberley Star, and has five bars to his medal. He rejoined when the present war started, and is engaged at one of the home training centres. Driver Ben Highgate, who is also in the A.S.C., completed his time of service while at the Front, but rejoined after a month's leave, and has now gone to the Front again. Lance-Corporal Robert Highgate was in Africa with his regiment, the East Lancs., when war broke out, and returning to England went to the Front last year, and was killed in action. He was 24 years of age. Private Tom Highgate, aged 19, was also in the Army before the war (in the West Kentish), and went to the Front early in the campaign. He also was killed in action last year. Private Joseph Highgate, a younger brother, joined the Buffs, and went to the Front early last year. News of his death has recently been received. Another brother, John Highgate, of 155, Birbeck road, Sidcup, is liable for service under the Group system, as also is Alfred, who lives at Lee. A grand-son, Private Edward Pitt, West Surreys, who leaves a young widow and son living at 9, Seely-street, Catford, was killed in action on March 13.

PRIVATE

STEWART

Among the Hamps Regina Mrs. Stewart, of Catford, joined the break Trained the Ha

Private whose grave, residing here, was 21st. boy's command the under credit Hums were met

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A mee Borough was held when, an were pre

MIDNIGHT AT WOOLWICH ARSENAL.

CANTEENS AND WELFARE WORK.

Interesting Description.

Nightworkers at Woolwich Arsenal are not, says a writer in "The Times," without their compensations. Darkness softens the hard, noonday ugliness of this mighty vibrating world of copper, steel, and iron. The branches of lonely, little trees, standing forlornly in the few patches of green still left (war-time necessities have absorbed most of them) dance a spectral minuet in the moonlight; and on the bordering Thames shrouded ships come and go in silence that is more lyrical than a song.

Something of this strong magic of the night penetrates the big factories, filling the airy vastness with beckoning shadows, and covering the busy, practical workers with dreams and fantasies. Like Philoela of Arcadia, a girl is "comforting her hands to work" by singing, and in this austere environ-

ST. JOHN'S HOSPITAL,

Morden Hill, LEWISHAM, S.E.

Beds now increased to 60 to
accommodate Wounded Soldiers
Supported by Voluntary Contributions.

SIR JOHN PURCELL, K.C.B.,
Chairman.

FRANCIS W. FRYATT,
Hon. Secretary.

Wartime Sydenham

Troops from the Army Service Corps at Horner Grange in about 1916.
After the war the house was briefly a maternity home, then a hotel until
Sydenham High School took over the building in 1934.
The house still survives within the present school.

by Steve Grindlay



Army Service Corps Messing Centre, 1916

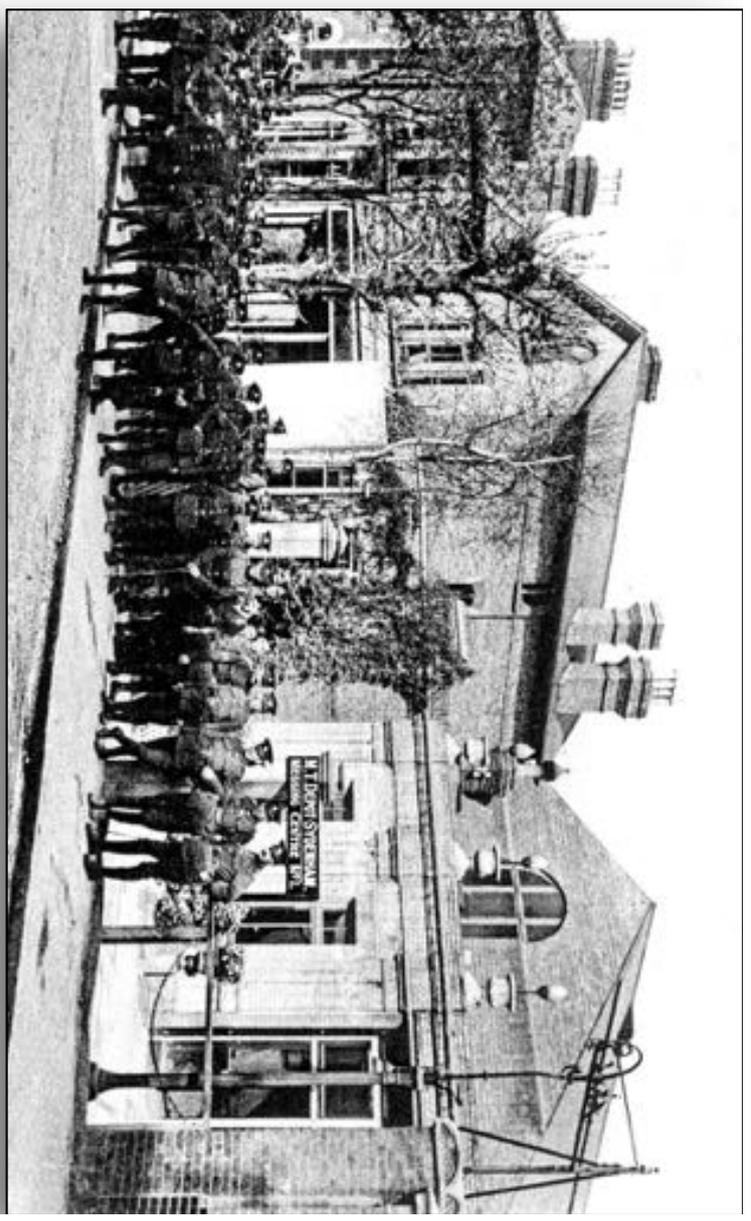
In 1916 the Rink Cinema in Silverdale was commandeered by the Army Service Corps.

They remained in occupation until 1919.

It took a petition to local MP

Sir Edward Coates to persuade the army to return the building to public use.

The cinema re-opened on 4 August 1919.



The back of the postcard reads:



"This is a view taken just outside our Dining Hall. It is a very typical one at meal-times, when there is always a crowd of fellows about. Between 2 and 3,000 men sit down to every meal! So you can gather the number of men we have here. I live in the same road as this - 77 Silverdale - & a very pretty place it is. The whole neighbourhood is very pretty & very much like Clifton."

Herbert Strong, a tea merchant, lived at 77 Silverdale (now 157, which still survives) with his wife and 16 year old daughter.

CENSUS OF ENGLAND AND WALES, 1911

The names of the districts will be printed in boldface. Any part will be shown that is necessary to identify each individual in the census. The names are not to be used for proof of age or sex or residence, but for other purposes only by permission of Statistical Office.

HOUSEHOLD	NAME AND RESIDENCE	RELATIONSHIP	AGE	SEX	MARRIAGE	EDUCATION	PROFESSION	INDUSTRY	MILITARY	REMARKS
1	Stephen Bason	Head	47	M	Married	None	None	None		
2	Susan Bason	Wife	26	F	Married	None	None	None		
3	John Bason	Son	17	M	Single	None	None	None		
4	William Bason	Son	15	M	Single	None	None	None		
5	John Bason	Son	13	M	Single	None	None	None		
6	John Bason	Son	11	M	Single	None	None	None		
7	John Bason	Son	9	M	Single	None	None	None		
8	John Bason	Son	7	M	Single	None	None	None		
9	John Bason	Son	5	M	Single	None	None	None		
10	John Bason	Son	3	M	Single	None	None	None		

Stephen Bason
31 Brown Street
Northampton

POST CARD
BEST QUALITY
ALL BRITISH

PM
18

Secret Sue

*This is the Shellhouse we go for our nuts. It is about twice as big as the Bottle Rink and about 2,000 can feed at once in it. Jendel done and Thago to you
John Bason's
John Bason*

*Mrs. S. Bason
31 Brown Street
Northampton*

Stephen Bason, another member of the ASC, sent this card to his wife Susan in 1918. He survived the war, dying at Northampton in 1951.



The Rink Cinema was demolished some 20 years ago.

POLICE WARNING.

WHAT TO DO WHEN THE

ZEPPELINS COME.

Sir Edward Henry, the Commissioner of the Metropolitan Police, has issued a series of reliable instructions and suggestions as to the action that should be taken by the ordinary household or resident in the event of an air raid over London.

New Scotland Yard, S.W.

June 26, 1915.

In all probability if an air raid is made it will take place at a time when most people are in bed. The only intimation the public are likely to get will be the reports of the anti-aircraft guns or the noise of falling bombs.

The public are advised not to go into the street, where they might be struck by falling missiles; moreover, the streets being required for the passage of fire engines, etc., should not be obstructed by pedestrians.

In many houses there are no facilities for procuring water on the upper floors. It is suggested, therefore, that a supply of water and sand might be kept there, so that any fire breaking out on a small scale can at once be dealt with. Everyone

should know the position of the fire alarm post nearest to his house.

All windows and doors on the lower floor should be closed to prevent the admission of noxious gases. An indication that poison gas is being used will be that a peculiar and irritating smell may be noticed following on the dropping of the bomb.

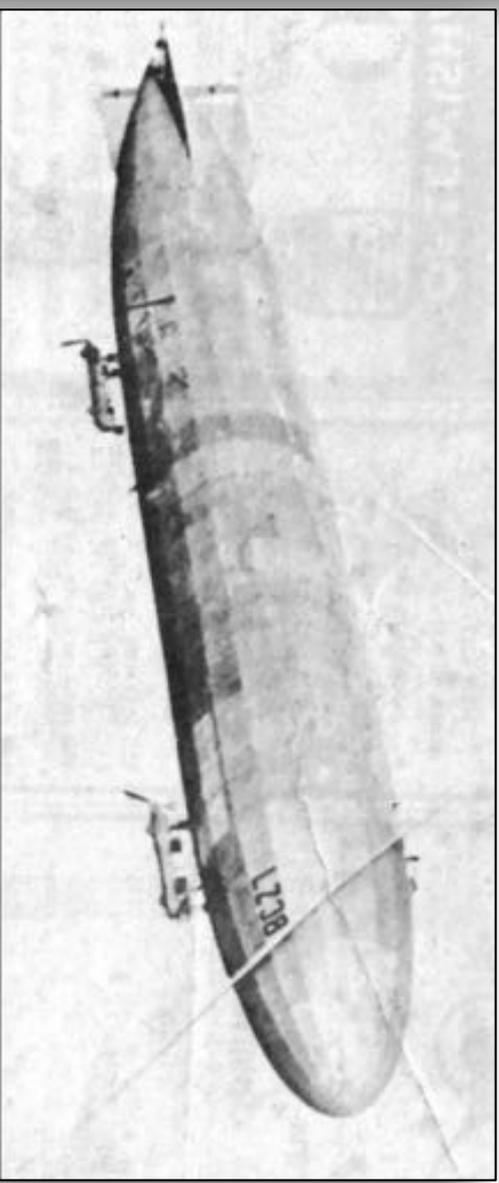
Gas should not be turned off at the meter at night, as this practice involves a risk of subsequent fire and of explosion from burners left on when the meter was shut off. This risk outweighs any advantage that might accrue from the gas being shut off at the time of a night raid by aircraft.

Persons purchasing portable chemical fire extinguishers should require a written guarantee that they comply with the specifications of the Board of Trade, Office of Works, Metropolitan Police, or some approved Fire Prevention Committee.

No bomb of any description should be handled unless it has shown itself to be of incendiary type. In this case it may be possible to remove it without undue risk. In all other cases a bomb should be left alone, and the police informed.
E. R. HENRY.

Zeppeilins & other airships

Airship raids over London, mostly from Zeppeilins, began on 31st May 1915 and continued until 20th October 1917.



In the early hours of 8th September 1915 a Zeppeilins flew across SE London. It dropped an explosive bomb over Ilderton Road, New Cross, killing six people and injuring five.

At about 11pm the same day another Zeppeilins flew across the City of London. A journalist who witnessed this raid wrote:

"Among the autumn stars floats a long, gaunt Zeppeilins. It is dull yellow – the colour of the harvest moon.

The long fingers of searchlights, reaching up from the roofs of the city, are touching all sides of the death messenger...

Great booming sounds shake the city. They are Zeppeilins bombs – falling – killing – burning. Lesser noises – of shooting – are nearer at hand, the noise of aerial guns sending shrapnel into the sky."

Zeppelins over One Tree Hill

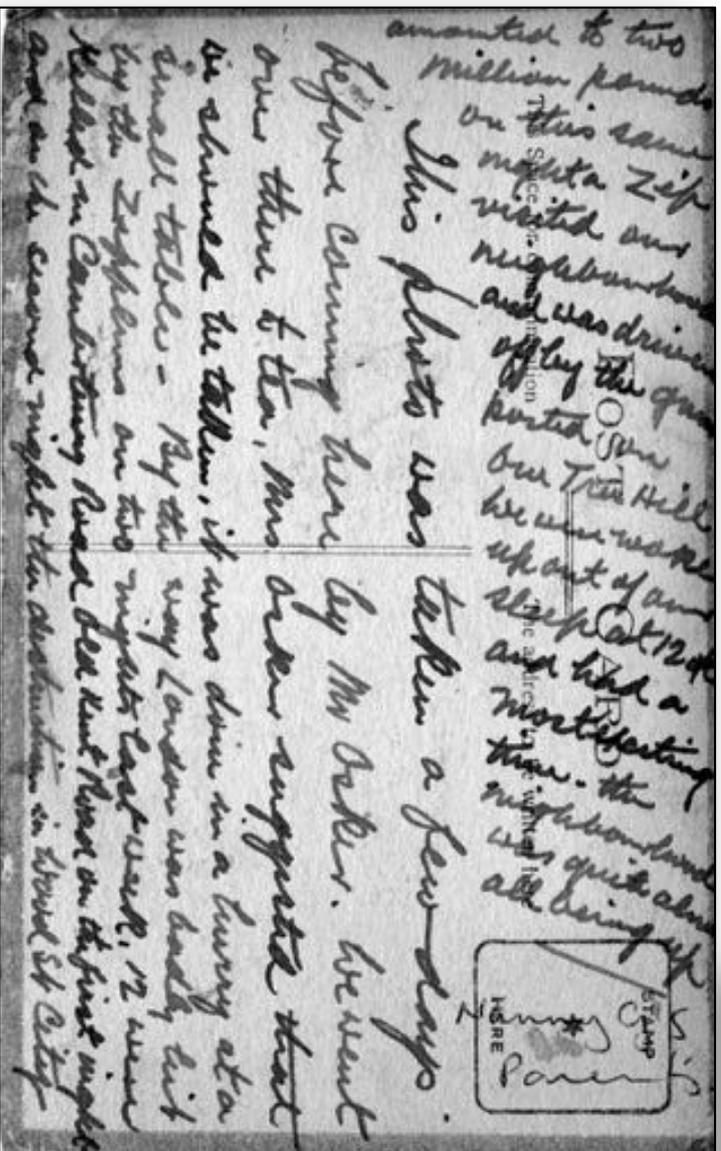
Although undated, this post card must have been written in mid-September 1915.

Canterbury Road, now Ilderton Road, was hit in the 3rd airship raid on 8th September.

Wood Street was hit on the 4th raid, on 8/9th Sept 1915.



John Nisbet, Hon Sec of the One Tree Hill Protest Committee, taking tea with his wife, Priscilla.



"... by the way London was badly hit by the Zeppelins on two nights last week, 12 were killed in Canterbury Road, Old Kent Road on the first night and on the second night the destruction in Wood Street City amounted to two million pounds.

On this same night a Zep visited our neighbourhood and was driven off by the guns on One Tree Hill.

We were woken up out of our sleep at 12 o/c and had a most exciting time..."

Gun emplacement



The excavations carried out by the Great War Archaeology Group in 2007 and 2008 strongly suggest that this was a WW1 gun emplacement.

Gothas

Gotha bombing raids began in 1917.

The last and largest aeroplane raid of the war was on the night of 19/20th May 1918, when 38 Gothas flew over London.

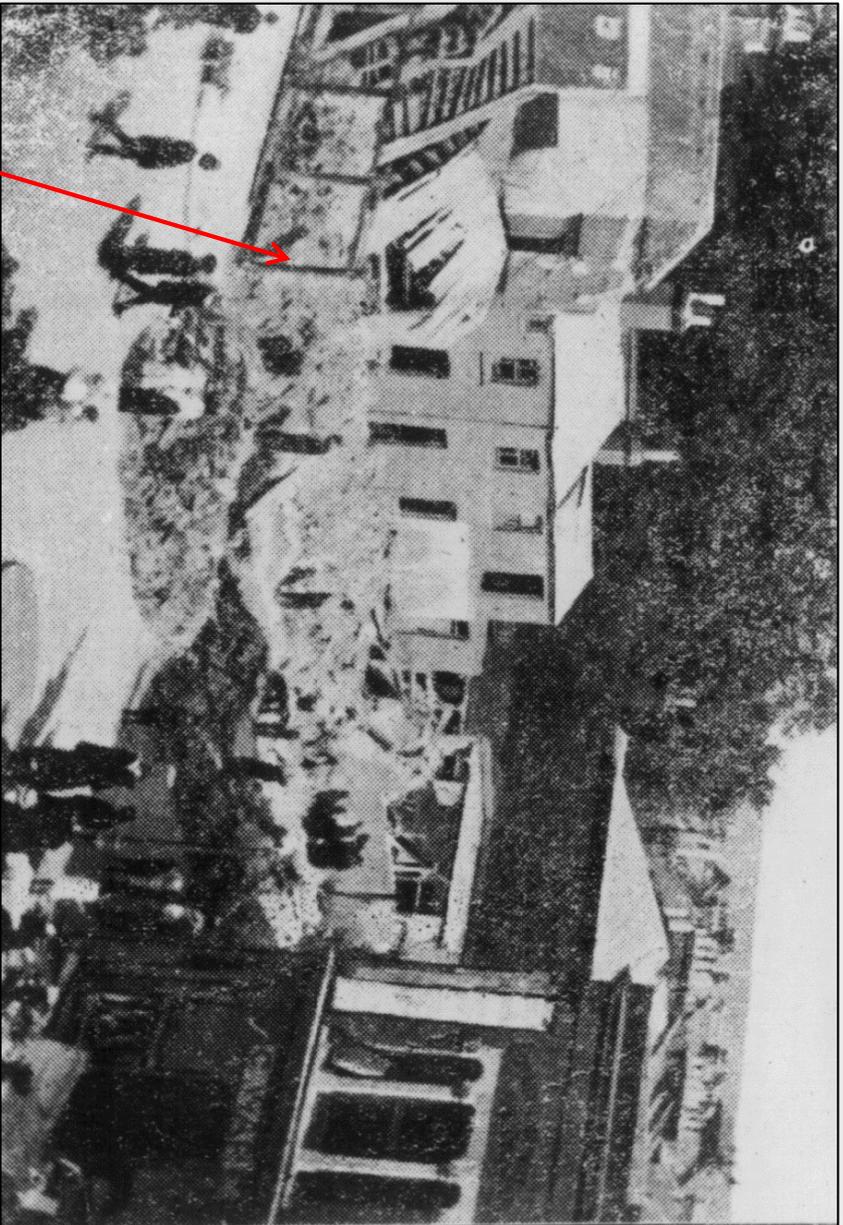
In total forty-nine people were killed and 177 injured.



This picture shows a Gotha "in flight over London".

This is what alarmed Sydenham residents would have seen on 19/20th May 1918 when one of the planes dropped several bombs over Lewisham.

One bomb landed in Sydenham, at the junction of Sydenham Road and Fairlawn Park, killing eighteen people.

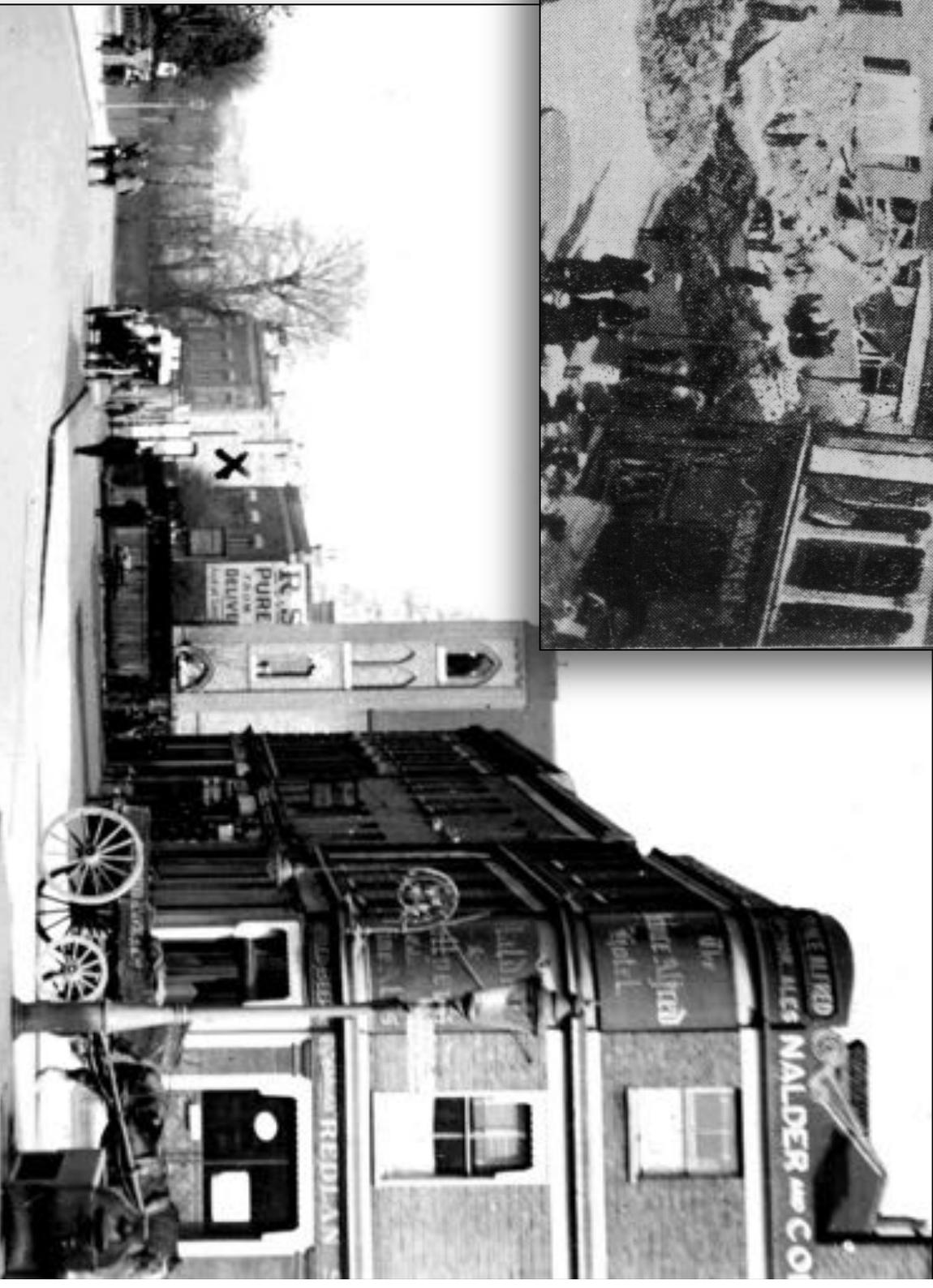


Site of
Isaac Delahoy's shop

Between 1911 and 1918 Isaac Delahoy ran a greengrocer's shop at 168 Sydenham Road, on the corner of Fairlawn Park. Isaac, his wife Eliza, and daughters Beatrice, Laura and Mary were all killed.

Fairlawn Park

On 20th May 1918 a bomb landed at the junction of Sydenham Road and Fairlawn Park, destroying three shops and killing 18 people.



Sydenham Road

Site of
John Kingels'
house

EX-GERMAN'S WIDOW,

Aftermath of Diabolical Boche Grimes.

At an inquest in Greenwich yesterday on Sarah Ann Klingele (61), the English widow of a naturalised German, the jury returned a verdict of "Suicide during temporary insanity," caused by the war and other troubles.

The evidence showed that the woman's house was destroyed in an air raid over another part of London, at which time her husband was killed and she sustained a fractured leg. Since that time she had been staying at her daughter's place of employment in Crosswell Park, Blackheath. She was found drowned in a bath full of cold water, and had left behind a letter saying that "through this cruel, wicked war she had twice been homeless, and her son was fighting for this country."

The Coroner remarked that this was the aftermath of the many fearful atrocities perpetrated in this country on defenceless men, women, and children, and he hoped that after peace was proclaimed there would be no slackening on the part of those in authority in meting out our own punishment to those responsible.



When the bomb landed, John Jacob Kingels, a baker, and his wife Sarah were living at 233 Sydenham Road, on the corner of Sunnysdene Street. John was killed and Sarah injured.

John Kingels was born in Germany but had lived in London for many years. In 1907 he became a naturalized British citizen.

After John was killed Sarah went to live with her daughter in Blackheath.

In September 1918 her daughter found Sarah dead in a bath of cold water.

At the inquest the jury's verdict was:
"suicide... caused by the war and other troubles".

Sarah left a note saying that "through this cruel, wicked war she had been twice homeless, and her son was fighting for this country".

Their son, Augustus George Kingels served in the Machine Gun Corps from 25th Feb 1916 to 20th June 1919.

Twenty-six years later a V1 landed on the same spot



LCC Bomb Damage Maps, 1939-1945 (LTS, 2005)



Site of
Isaac Delahoy's shop,
destroyed in 1918

John Klingels' house was
also destroyed in 1944.

Site of
Frederick Burgess's shop
destroyed in 1944

On 22nd August 1944 a V1 "buzz bomb" landed at the junction of Fairlawn Park and Sydenham Road, destroying a dozen houses.

Frederick Lewis Dunsford Burgess, who lived at 109 Fairlawn Park with Mabel, his wife of less than four months, was working in the family grocer's shop at 196 Sydenham Road when the bomb landed, destroying the shop and killing Frederick.

Frederick's father, whose wife died the previous year, lived round the corner at 7 Kent House Road.

Louis Raemaekers (1869-1956)



HUNS SET PRICE ON RAEMAEKERS

The World's Greatest Cartoonist Offered That Only 12,000 Marks Is Offered

HE SIZES UP KAISER

Dutch Artist Wants to Make the World Realize What This War Means

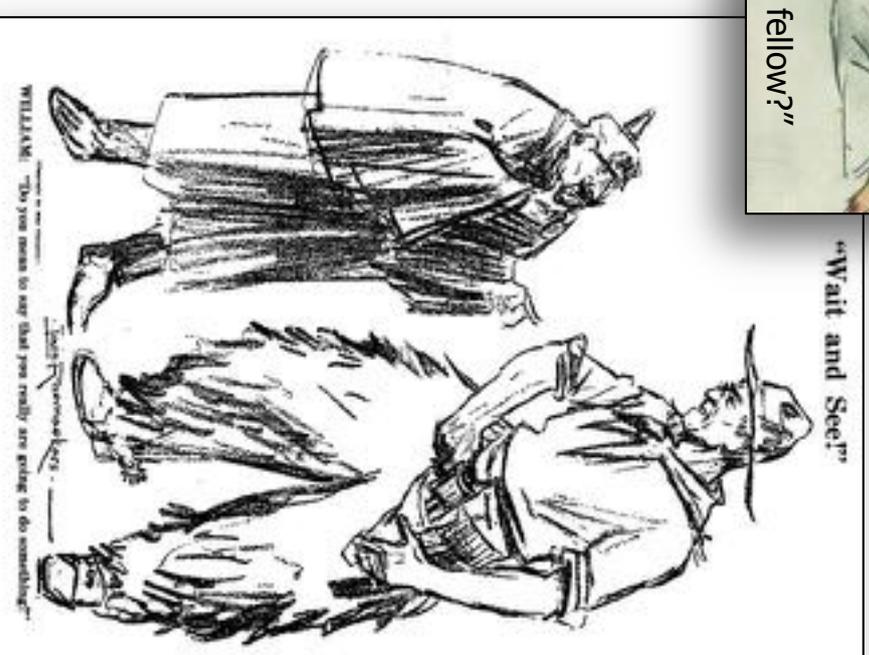
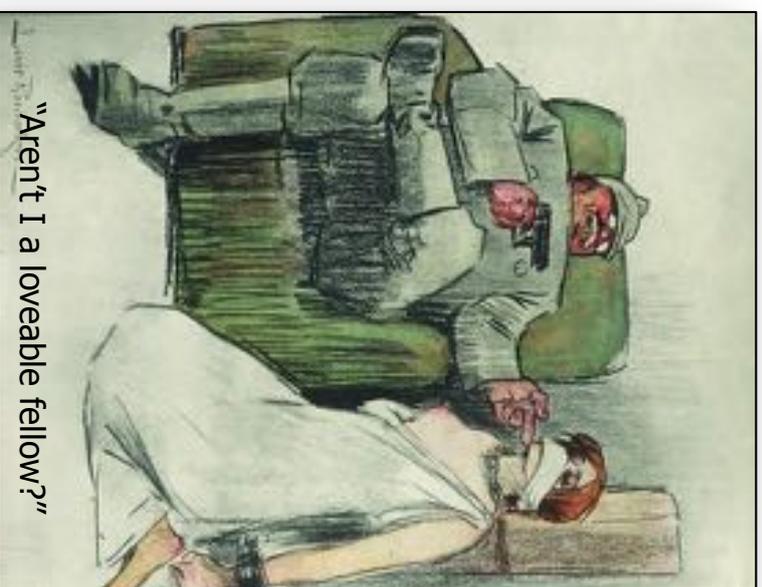
LOUIS RAEMAEKERS saw the answer, says he is satisfied and is glad that Germany has set a price 12,000 marks on his head. Raemaekers is the world's most famous cartoonist. His sketches were sold through the New York Herald in wonderful numbers. The Kaiser would like to get his hands on the other Dutch artist whose sketches have stirred the world.

GERMANY'S NEW

Louis Raemaekers was a Dutch cartoonist during First World War. He took a strong anti-German stance and often depicted Germans as barbarians and the Kaiser as an ally of Satan.

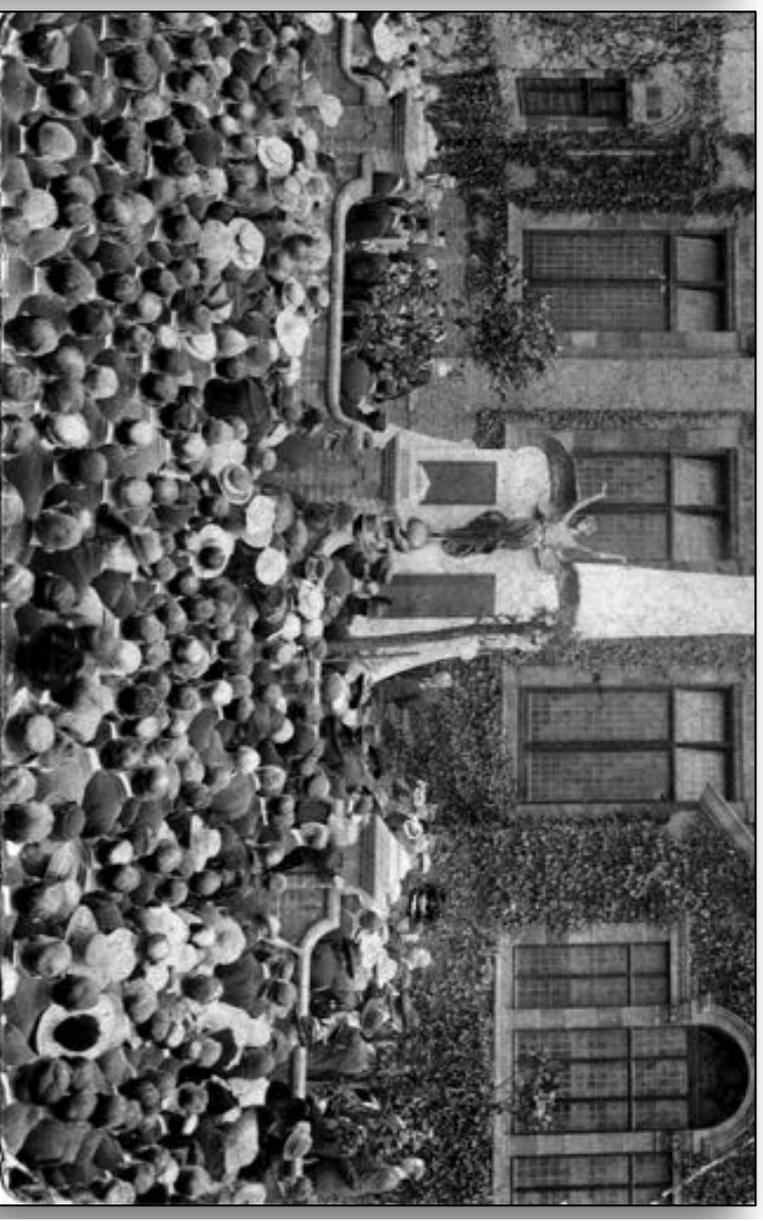
The German government offered a reward for Raemaekers, dead or alive. The Dutch government was forced to place him on trial for 'endangering Dutch neutrality'.

After he was acquitted Raemaekers came to England, living at Woodthorpe, on the site of Eliot Bank school.



South Suburban Gasworks War Memorial

— 4th June 1920 —
War Memorial
— erected by —
The Board of Directors
Employees and Co-partners
— unveiled by —
Lord Robert Cecil M.C. M.P.
Chairman
Robert Cecil
Mayor Chiesman
Robert Cecil
John W. Thaxter
Harold R. Smith
Kenning Walker



Lord Robert Cecil was one of the creators of the League of Nations and in 1937 was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize for his service to it.

It is his speech Lord Robert Cecil referred to the war as "the war to end wars" and expressed the belief that future disputes would be resolved by the League of Nations, without the need for military conflict.

Harry Chiesman was the Mayor of Lewisham 1919-1920.

With his brother he founded Chiesmans' Department Store, Lewisham, in 1884.

He lived at 17 Vancouver Road.

Unveiling the 2nd World War plaque



CIVILIANS	
BENNETT	WILLIAM WALTER
BOND	PERCY CYRIL
BOYNER	WILLIAM JOHN
CARTER	THOMAS
CRANAGE	DOROTHY LILIAN
CUSTANCE	LEONARD DAVID
DYER	WALTER AUGUSTUS
KINGSMAN	SYDNEY HERBERT
LOWE	CHARLES ALBERT
MERCER	GEORGE ALFRED
MORRIS	JOHN ALBERT GEORGE
NIDGWELL	WILLIAM
TYLER	ALBERT FREDERICK BADEN

SOUTH SUBURBAN GAS COMPANY

T. BROWN, MANAGING DIRECTOR

TELEPHONE :
SYDENHAM 7801

LOWER SYDENHAM,
LONDON, S.E.26

Mr. W. Dyer,
13, Kent House Road,
SYDENHAM, S.E. 26.

November, 1948.

Dear Sir,

I feel sure you would like to have a small memento of the Service of Remembrance and Unveiling of the New Plaque which took place recently at the Livesey Memorial Hall, Sydenham.

A brochure has been prepared containing a photograph of the memorial together with the plaque upon which the name of your father is inscribed and I am enclosing a copy herewith.

If you would like a further copy, I would forward one upon hearing from you.

Access to the Memorial for the purpose of placing Floral or other Tributes may be had at any time.

I can assure you that the names of those who have paid the supreme sacrifice are very much in our minds at all times.

With every good wish,
Believe me,
Yours sincerely,

Tom Brown
Managing Director.

Letter to Walter's son about the unveiling

On 18th October 1940 a landmine hit 5 Bryden Grove.

Walter Dyer and his wife, Jane, who had lived in Sydenham since their marriage in 1920 both died.

They were living with their uncle, Alfred Gelsthorpe, who was also killed together with his sister-in-law, Elizabeth Foreman.

SOUVENIR BROCHURE

WAR MEMORIAL

and

NEW PLAQUE

unveiled at the
SERVICE OF
REMEMBRANCE
held at the
LIVESY MEMORIAL
HALL

Lower Sydenham
S.E.26

ON SUNDAY

7th November 1948

to commemorate
the fallen in the
1939-1945 War.



In Loving Memory

In Loving Memory

OF

ALFRED GEORGE GELSTHORPE

Who passed away, October 18th, 1940
Aged 55 years

Interred at Ladywell Cemetery
Grave No. 978a, Plot C

In Loving Memory

OF

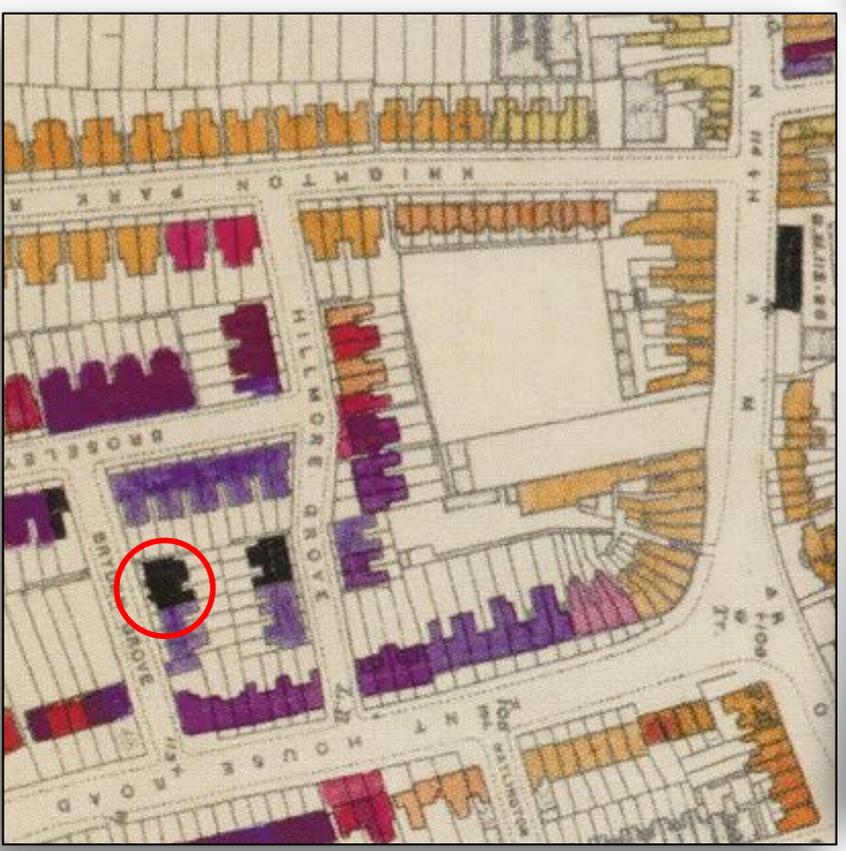
ELIZABETH FOREMAN

Who passed away, October 18th, 1940
Aged 58 years

Interred at Ladywell Cemetery
Grave No. 978a, Plot C

Alfred Gelsthorpe had lived at 5 Bryden Grove since 1918.
Alfred's wife, Nellie, must have been out of the house
when the bomb struck as she lived until 1971.

Next door, at 6 Bryden Grove, James Finn, his wife Mary and
daughter Bridget were also killed.



World War 2

War is declared



After the German invasion of Poland on 1st September 1939 the British ambassador handed a note to the German government stating that unless they announced plans to withdraw from Poland by 11:00 on the 3rd September a state of war would exist between the two countries.

At 11:15 on 3rd September Neville Chamberlain announced that the deadline for German withdrawal had expired, "no such undertaking has been received and consequently this country is at war with Germany."

For some 8 months after Chamberlain's announcement things appeared to be relatively quiet.

This period became known as "the Phoney War".



View from Horse Guards Avenue towards the Thames.
The plane tree survives as does the ornate cast iron lamp-post
although it has been moved some yards forward.

Air Raid Precautions & Air Raid Wardens

In September 1935 Stanley Baldwin published a circular, Air Raid Precautions, asking local authorities to make plans to protect people in event of war. Some authorities built air raid shelters but others ignored the circular.

In April 1937 the government formed an Air Raid Wardens' Service and recruited around 200,000 volunteers.

Wardens were responsible for sounding air-raid sirens and dealing with unexploded bombs by evacuating buildings, closing roads and summoning the Bomb Disposal Unit.

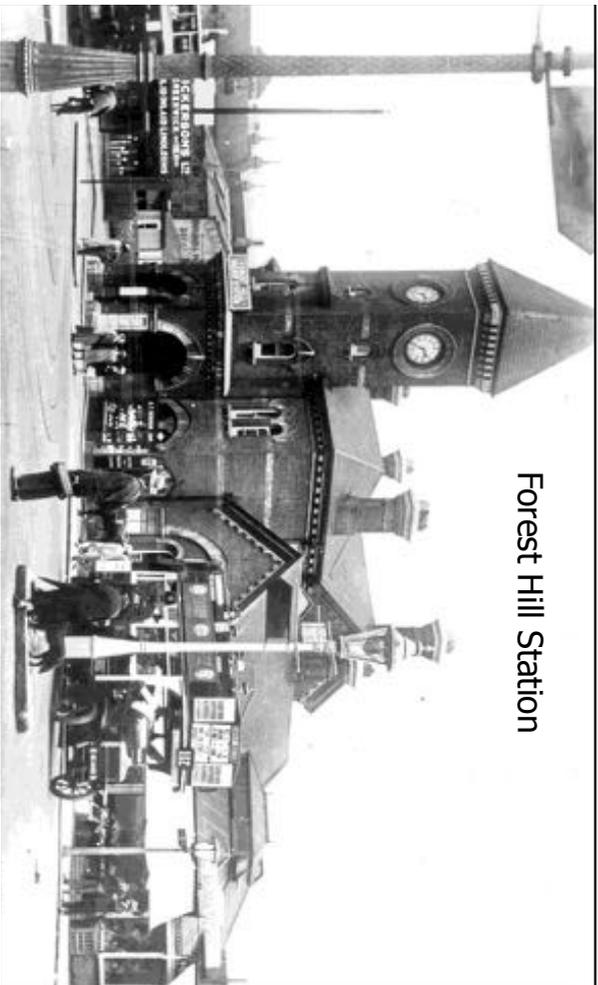
They also rigidly enforced the blackout, patrolling streets to make sure that no light was visible. If they did see a light they would shout "Put that light out!" or "Cover that window!".



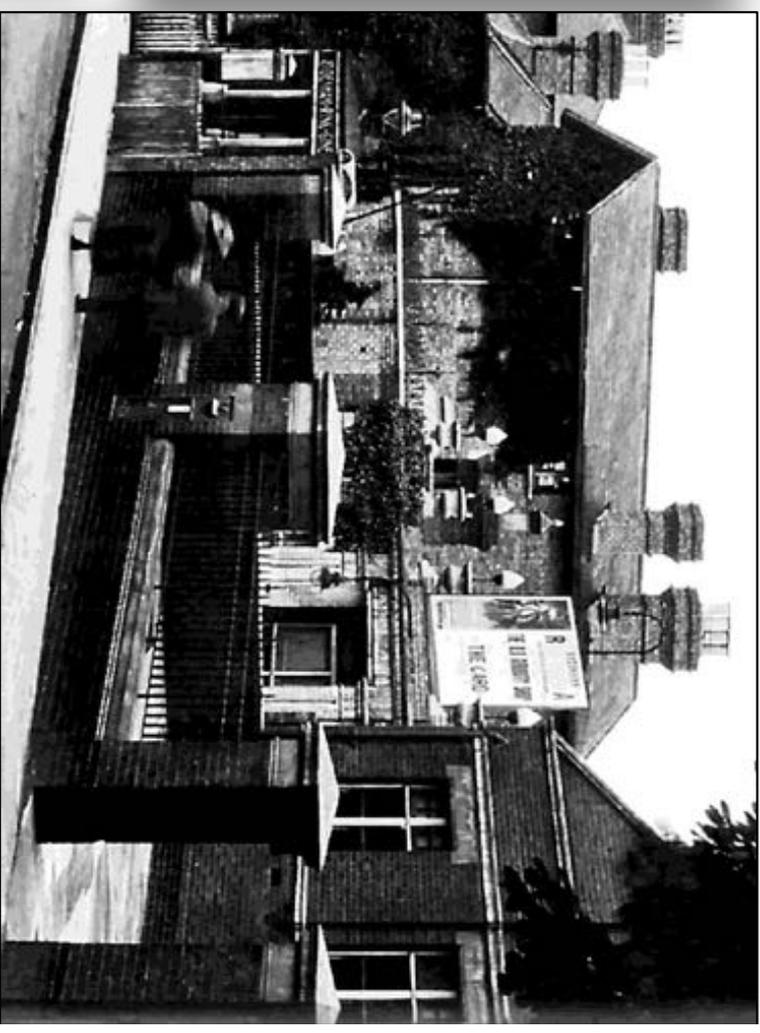
By 1940 38 million gas masks had been issued. Those who did not carry them could be punished. Air Raid Wardens were responsible for ensuring that people, including children and babies, had gas masks with them at all times.

Air Raid Wardens

Louise House in Dartmouth Road, the Rink Cinema in Silverdale and Forest Hill Station were used by Air Raid Wardens during the war.



Forest Hill Station



The Rink, Silverdale

When this picture was taken "The Card" was the main feature conveniently dating the picture to 1922.



Louise House seems to have been the principal centre in Lewisham.

It was described in 1939 as "Air Raid Precautions (Lewisham Borough)".

Air Raid Shelters



Anderson shelters were distributed from February 1939, free to households with earnings of less than £250 a year. They were made of corrugated panels that had to be bolted together and buried about 4 feet deep. Often they were covered with soil.



Morrison shelters were to be used indoors and were intended for houses that had no cellar. They were provided free to those earning less than £350 a year. The shelters had a steel top and mesh sides and families were encouraged to sleep in them. It was intended to protect people from the effects of bomb blast.

Air Raid Precautions (ARP) was responsible for pre-fabricated air-raid shelters such as the Anderson and Morrison shelters and also the upkeep of local public shelters.



Sign to the shelter in the Dartmouth Arms car park



Public Shelters

The government began building communal shelters in March 1940. The walls were of brick with a concrete roof.



“There were air raid shelters in the street... great big concrete buildings with no windows and a doorway which was a kind of L-shape to deal with the blast of bombs that fell”

“If you were in a shelter at night and there was an air raid, it was difficult to sleep with the sound of hundreds and hundreds of aeroplanes in the sky, and the sound of anti-aircraft guns around you, all going at once. Then there would be the bombs dropping.”

Mrs Kelley (1985)

A surviving shelter

This public air-raid shelter,
in the playground of
Our Lady & St Phillip Neri school,
is probably the last surviving
community shelter in the area.



Barrage Balloons

Barrage balloons were intended to deter low-flying dive-bombers forcing them to fly higher and into the range of anti-aircraft guns.



Barrage balloons over Buckingham Palace.

“They looked like great big elephants. They had two enormous flaps coming out at one end, with a bit in the middle and they were a lovely silvery colour. They were stationed in all of the parks.

There was one in Mayow Park, Alexandra Park, Wells Park, Hornimans – each park was like a tiny barracks.

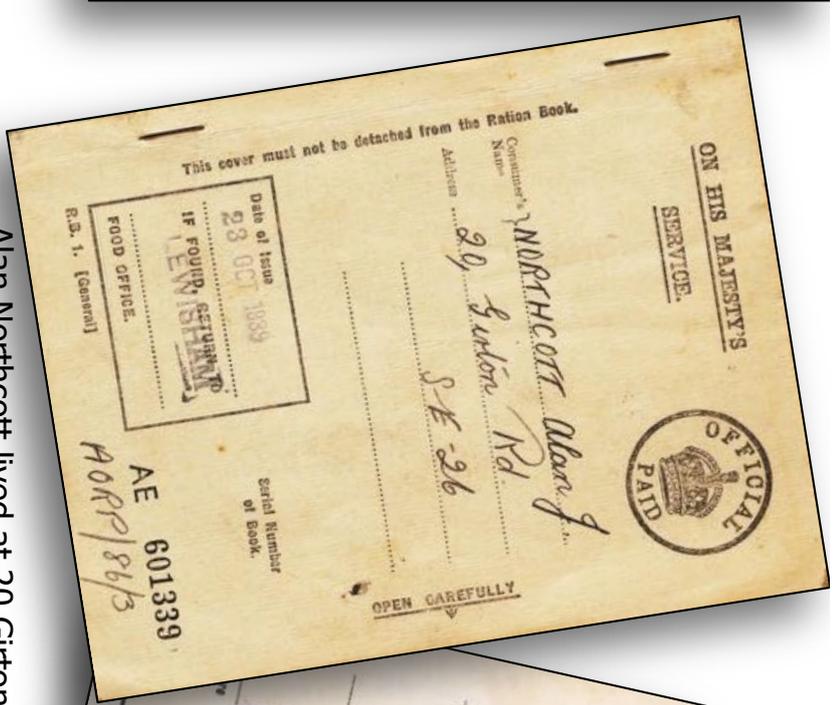
There were barrack rooms for the people who manned the barrage balloon and the anti-aircraft gun and the search light.”

Mrs Kelley (1985)

Food Rationing



Elsie Widdowson (1906-2000)



(The holder of this book has compiled with the removals procedure and may register with any retailer.)

R.G. 13 (REMOVALS)

NAMES OF RETAILERS	
Name and address of RETAIL BUTCHER	
<p>46, BYDENHAM ROAD, SYDENHAM S.E.26</p>	<p>46, SYDENHAM ROAD, SYDENHAM S.E.26</p>
<p>00-OPERATIVE SOCIETY LTD. SYDENHAM ROAD. Grocery</p>	<p>46, BOXALL LTD., SYDENHAM ROAD, SYDENHAM S.E.26</p>
<p>Name and address of SUGAR RETAILER</p>	<p>Name and address of RETAILER OF COOKING FATS, INCLUDING LARD AND DRIPPING</p>
<p>46, BYDENHAM ROAD, SYDENHAM S.E.26</p>	<p>46, SYDENHAM ROAD, SYDENHAM S.E.26</p>
<p>Name and address of BUTTER AND MARGARINE RETAILER</p>	<p>Name and address of BACON RETAILER</p>
<p>46, BYDENHAM ROAD, SYDENHAM S.E.26</p>	<p>46, BOXALL LTD., SYDENHAM ROAD, SYDENHAM S.E.26</p>

2,500,000 7/39

Alan Northcott lived at 20 Girtton Road from 1939-1964.
 This ration book was issued to him in October 1939.
 At the beginning of January 1940 bacon, butter and sugar were rationed.
 Alan registered to buy food from Boxalls, at 46 Sydenham Road,
 and the Co-Op, at 63 Sydenham Road. Rationing finally ended in 1954.

Elsie Widdowson was "one of the foremost nutritional scientists".
 In 1939 she was asked by the government to research
 the potential health consequences that might arise from food rationing.
 Her work formed the basis of how food was allocated during the war and post-war period.
 As a result of her proposals health, infant mortality and life expectancy all improved.

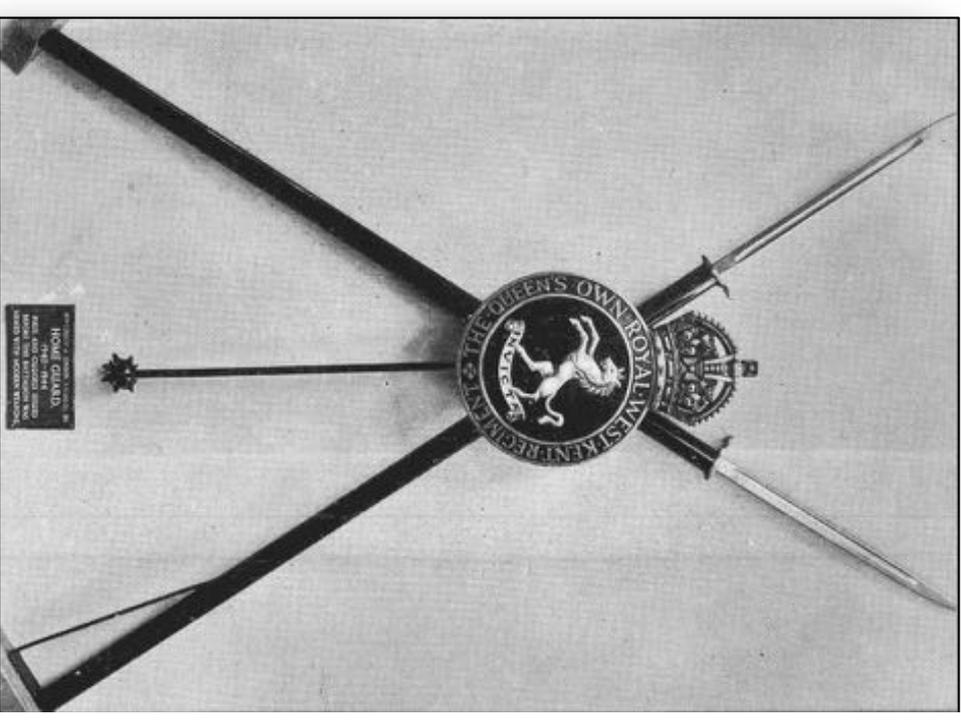
Elsie attended Sydenham County Secondary School, now Sydenham School in Dartmouth Road.
 Her entry in the DNB refers to "the remarkably enlightened staff" at the school
 who encouraged her to study science.

The Home Guard

On 14th May 1940 Anthony Eden broadcast to the nation asking for men between the ages of 15 and 65 to offer their services. Their principal duty would be to fight enemy airborne troops who might land in this country. Within a few weeks over a million had volunteered.



The 19th County of London (S S Gas Co) battalion of the Home Guard was formed in June 1940 and disbanded in November 1944. Here, in the gas-works, they are preparing for a march past in Hyde Park in front of King George VI.



This "trophy of arms" consists of 2 pikes and a cudgel, issued to the Home Guard when weapons were in short supply. It was erected in the Livesey Memorial Hall.

Fire wardens at Sydenham High



The duties of fire wardens were very similar to those of air raid wardens except that fire wardens were usually stationed inside buildings.

Like air raid wardens they were issued with a tin hat, whistle, red bucket, stirrup pump and armband.

These fire wardens were based at Sydenham High School from 1940 to 1945.

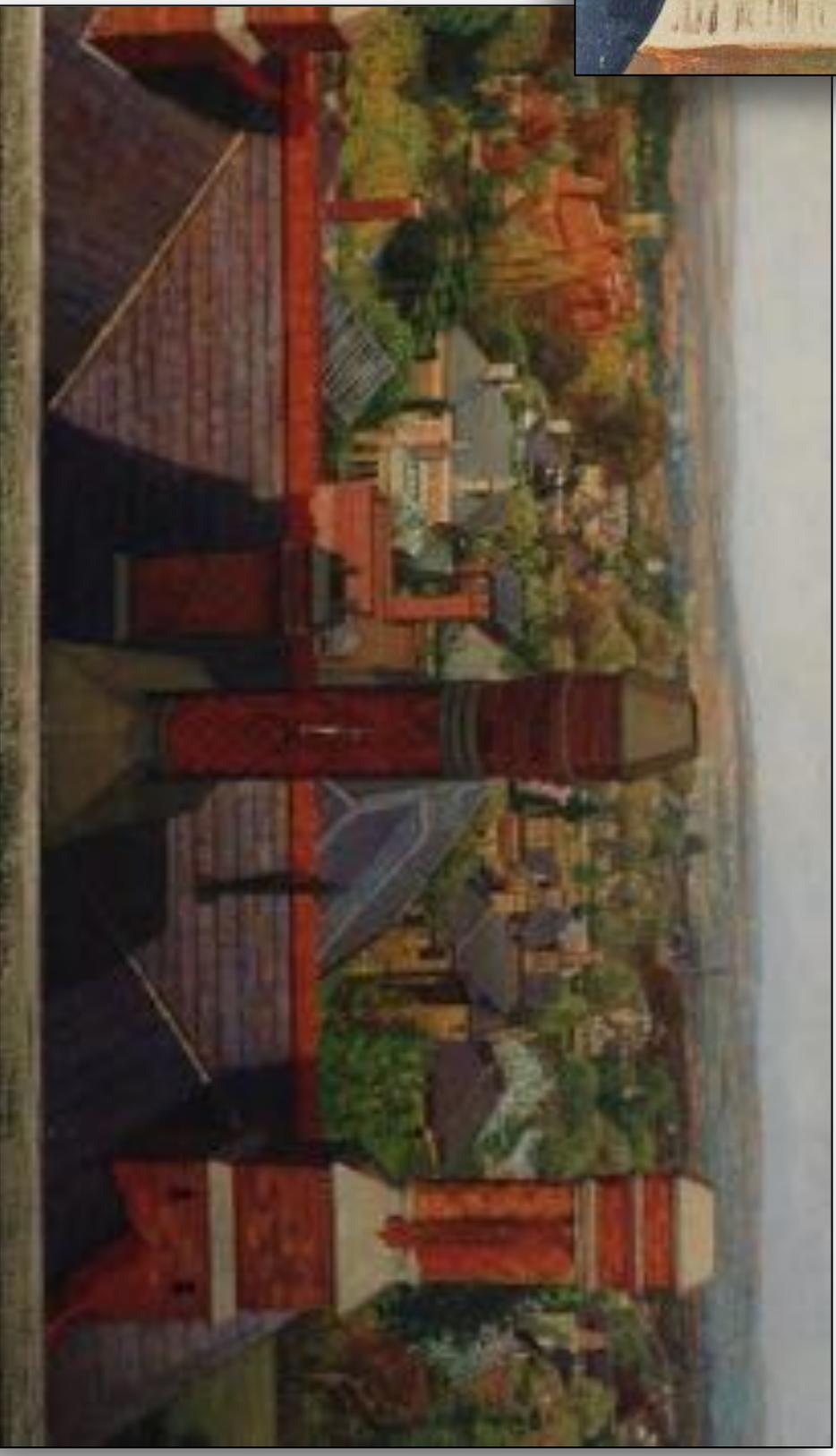


Emilio Tafani (1885-1964)

82 Lawrie Park Road, 1925-1926

42 Lawrie Park Road, 1927-1930

Flat 1, 70 Westwood Hill, 1932-1957



Tafani was and artist who served as a fire warden at Sydenham High School from 1940-1945.
This painting, from the roof of the school,
makes it clear why the wardens were based here.

Phases of the war

Throughout the war there were periods of relative calm and periods of intense and highly destructive bombing.

The Blitz

Starting on 7th September 1940 London was bombed by the Luftwaffe for 57 consecutive nights. The raids continued sporadically until 21st May 1941.

In London more than 20,000 civilians were killed and over a million houses destroyed or damaged.



V-1 flying bombs

Known as buzz-bombs or doodlebugs, raids began on 13th June 1944.

By September 1944 the allies had over-run the launch sites and the raids ceased.

Lewisham suffered particularly badly from V-1 attacks.

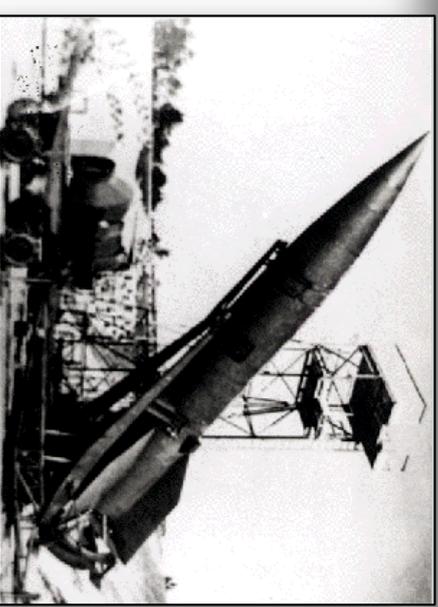


V-2 rockets

The first V-2 was launched towards London on 8th September 1944, and the last on 27th March 1945.

These rockets landed without warning.

The worst strike was on Woolworth's in New Cross Road when 160 people were killed and 108 seriously injured.



The first bombs

During the evening of Sunday 25th August 1940 the Columbia Ribbon and Carbon Factory, in Kangley Bridge Road, opposite Lower Sydenham station, received a direct hit. Nobody was injured. This was the first of more than 44 explosive devices to land in Sydenham during the war.



58, Sydenham Road, Golden City

At 6pm on 7th September 1940 58 Sydenham Road was hit by a bomb.

The shop and a house of five rooms, possibly 1 Tannsfeld Road, were damaged.

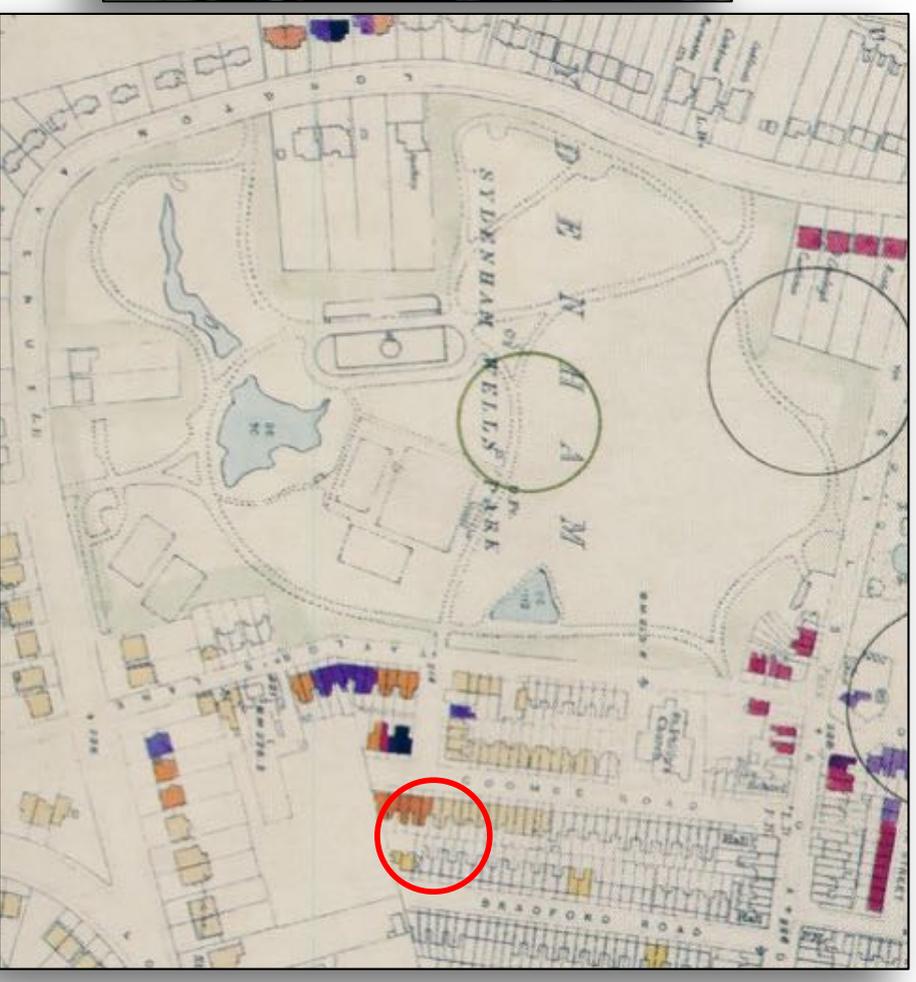
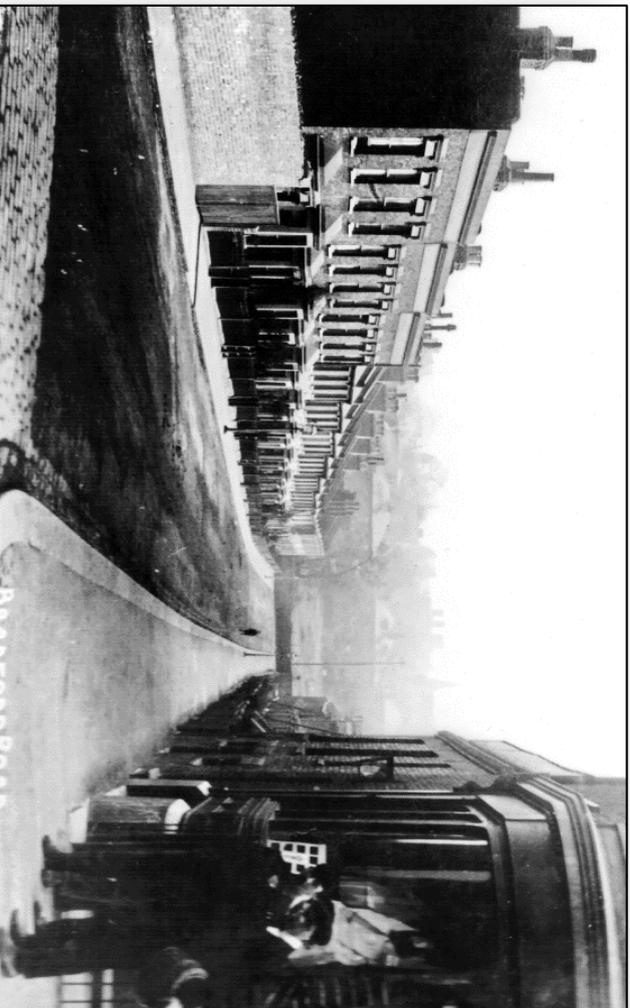
Shops adjoining and opposite no.58 were also damaged.

An auxiliary fire service officer was injured, the first person in Sydenham to be injured by enemy action.

By the end of the war 58 and 60 Sydenham Road were still unoccupied.

Bradford Road

The first deaths in Sydenham were in a tragic incident at 55 Bradford Road, off Wells Park Road.



On 19th September 1940 the air raid sirens sounded. Albert Oddy and his family went, as they had been advised, to the Anderson shelter they had recently built in their back garden.

There was a direct hit on their back garden.

Albert, his wife, their five children and a friend were killed, a total of eight deaths.

The house was barely damaged.

Cobbs Corner

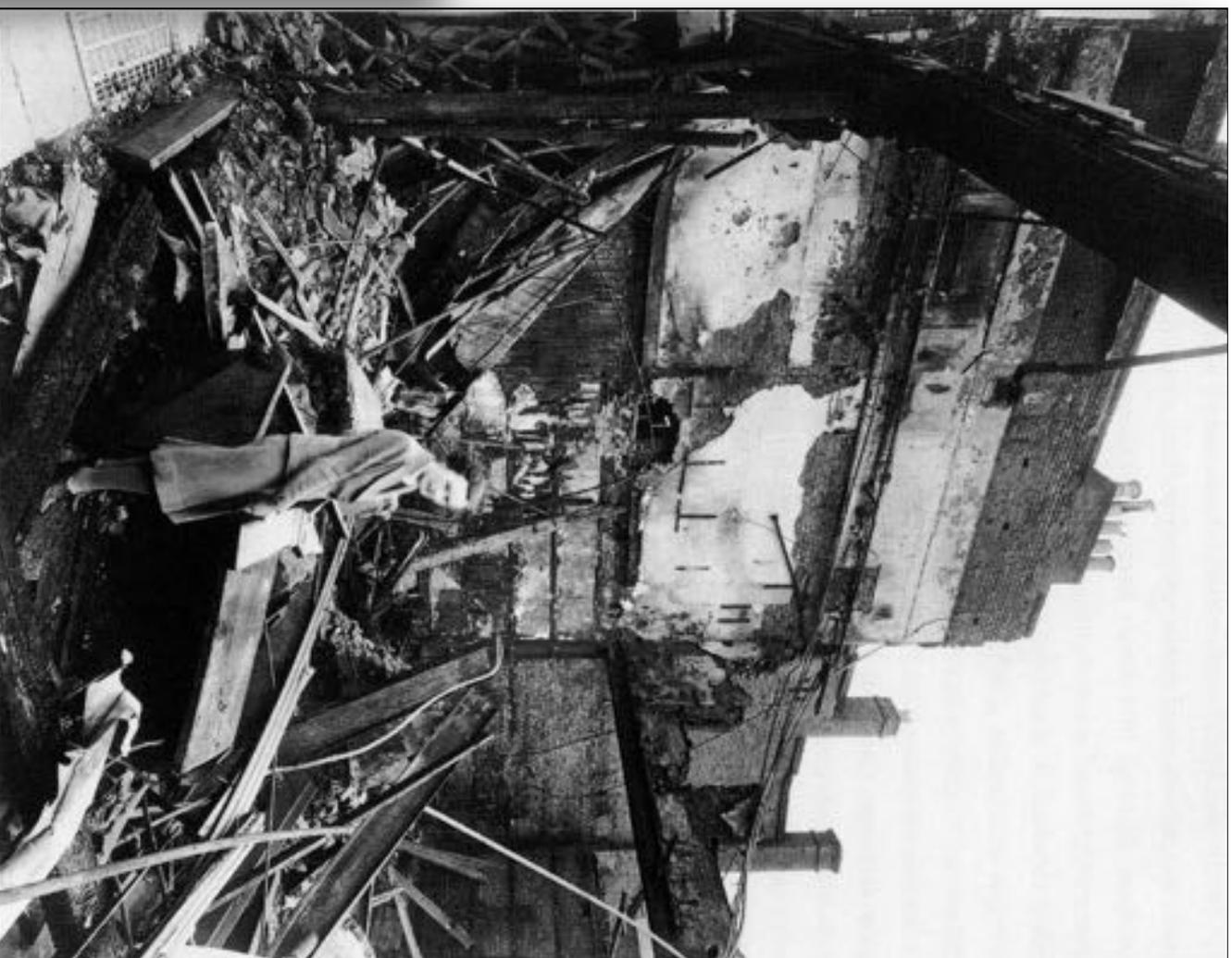
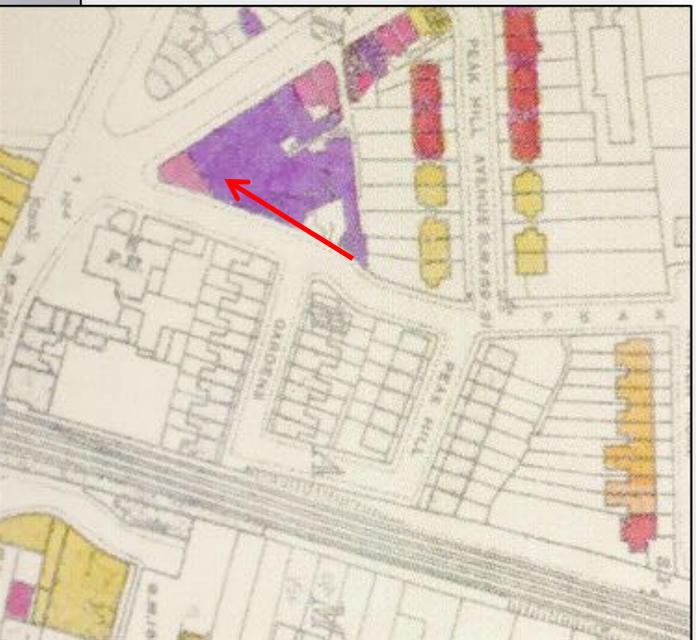
Walter Cobb opened his first shop in this terrace in about 1862. He gradually expanded into neighbouring shops until, by 1900, the whole terrace had become one of south London's largest and most popular department stores.



During the 1930s, despite the imminence of war, the shop was modernised. The re-opening was celebrated with a "Modernisation Event".



The celebrations were short-lived.
On 23rd October 1940 Cobbs was hit and what the bomb didn't destroy the raging fire that followed did.
Twenty fire crews were needed to extinguish it.



Apparently the safe survived both the bomb attack and the fire.

A German has landed!

On Sunday 15th September 1940, at 12:05pm, a Dornier was shot down over London. The plane crashed onto Victoria Station and two of the airmen subsequently died. One survived, and caused great excitement by parachuting down into Wells Park. He was immediately taken prisoner.

Wells Park from Longton Avenue



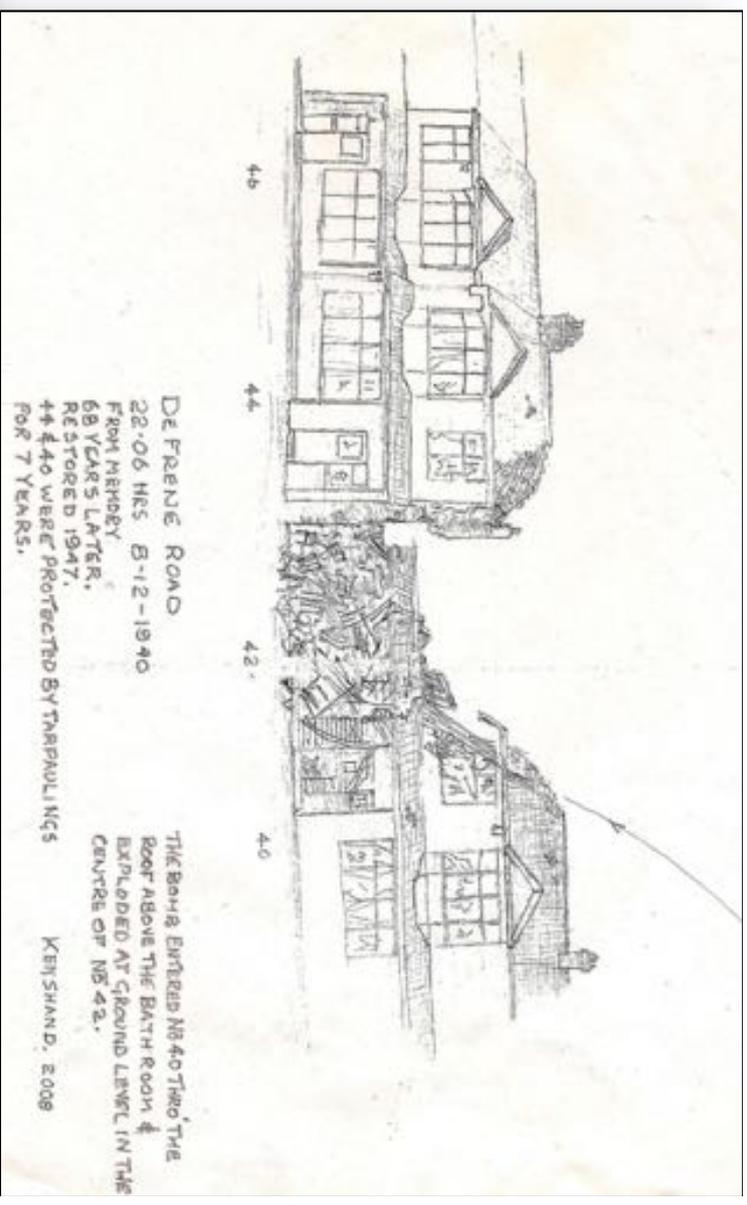
“As I recall, the airman’s descent was made during a spectacular ‘dogfight’ on a bright early Autumn day. I was told that one of the first on the scene was the butcher, Mr Wellbeloved, from Wells Park Road who was armed with a meat cleaver!” Owen Wood (1994)

Wilfred Wellbeloved had a butcher’s shop at 78 Wells Park Road from 1933 until his death in 1942. He was also the father of James Wellbeloved, Labour/SDP politician who lived in Sydenham until the late 1930s.

42 De Frene Road

On 8th December 1940 Edwin Charles Rhodes, aged 13, son of Edwin and Mary Rhodes, was severely injured when a bomb struck 42 De Frene Road.
He died the same day at the South Eastern Hospital for Children.

After their house was bombed Edwin and Mary lived in Addington Grove until the 1950s.



The drawing is by Ken Shand, who still lives in the area. His family lived at 44 De Frene Road from about 1936, shortly after these houses were built.

In 1945 nos. 38-44 were unoccupied. By 1947 the Shand family had moved back to 44 and by 1948 no.42 had been rebuilt.



Dartmouth Road and Cheseman Street

On 16th April 1941 Dartmouth Road, at the junction with Cheseman Street, was hit by pair of “parachute mines”. These bombs, also called “landmines”, exploded as they hit the ground and are reckoned to have caused more damage than any other type of explosive.

Twenty-one people were killed and 25 injured.
Six of those killed were policemen
on duty at the police station.



PC Charles Jennings

One of those injured was Charles Jennings, a policeman who lived with his family at 7 Cheseaman Street. His wife and daughter were sheltering in a Morrison shelter at the back of the house. Although the house was badly damaged they survived.

Charles was on firewatch on the roof of the police station; he was severely injured, including damage to his skull. He spent 2 years receiving treatment which included inserting a metal plate to replace the damaged part of his skull. He died in 1959, aged 54.



7 Cheseaman Street

During the War in 1941 a "Land mine" fell on the pig farm, and the corners of the street were flattened, it knocked down every thing from the farms house on that side and everything down on our side to the frame of the house next door.

No 7- lost its roof , window, doors and upstairs floors and ceiling -just the outside shell was left, my mother and I were in the house at the time, in an indoor shelter built in the back left hand corner of the lounge, double bed on top of the iron box, and a double bed inside -luckily we were both inside. My mother dug herself out and in her panic broke a leg and badly cut the other and ended up in hospital at the children's hospital in lower Sydenham for 2 or 3 weeks. The people from the top of the street dug me out, I was still asleep and unharmed. I stayed with my Nana and Grandad in Warwick Ave. North London for about 6weeks while they made the house livable.

From the time we moved into No 7 all new flats built were first offered to the married Policeman and the street soon became known as "Policeman's Alley", Just after the war there were about 15 policeman living in Cheseaman St. As you can gather my father was a Policeman for the P division, which covered E Dulwich, Herne Hill, Lower Sydenham, Penze East, and of course Upper Sydenham. His office was in the Police Station at the bottom of the road in Dartmouth Road, which was a very big old house, in its own grounds, which nearly met up with the Church in the road behind, Sydenham Park Road. - I used to walk to the Scout and Girl Guide Hall next to the Church by going down an alley on the right hand side of the Police Station.

Back to the "Land Mine". My father stayed in the police at the local station in the war - as was on duty all the time. When the mine fell he was "Firewatching" on the Station Roof, everyone thought it was a German paratrooper and went to meet the "German" coming down, the other 3 men were killed, my father ended up in hospital for 2 years -he lost some of his skull and had a metal plate put in to protect his brain. This eventually helped to kill him in 1958 at the age of 54. - In the blast the Police Station was flattened so the police took over a house over the other side of Sydenham Hill- Opposite the Museum on the left-hand side of the park -it stayed their until after the war when they built the new Police Station where it is now.

From a letter written by Jacqui Sault (nee Jennings) in 1998.

Her family lived at 7 Cheseaman Street 1936-1967.

"I have a brother who was born in 1943. When my mother was pregnant she had to attend a clinic which was behind the library next to the swimming pool on the way to Forest Hill. I can remember mum and me being machine gunned walking down the main road just by the school fence on the way to the clinic; she laid on top of me (lump and all) tight up against the fence to miss the bullets." Jacqui Sault (Australia, 1998)

Sandhurst Road School

“I remember 20th January 1943 a German bomber blew up the school in Sandhurst Road, Catford. Tried to bomb the gas holders at Sydenham Gas works then came up Sydenham High Street just as many of us had come out of Adamsrill Road School to go home to lunch. His machine guns fired but shop keepers pulled us indoors.” Sean (STF)

“My in-laws, William Rees and family, lived at 24 Charlecote Grove. He was a gardener and during the war was on heavy rescue with the ARP.

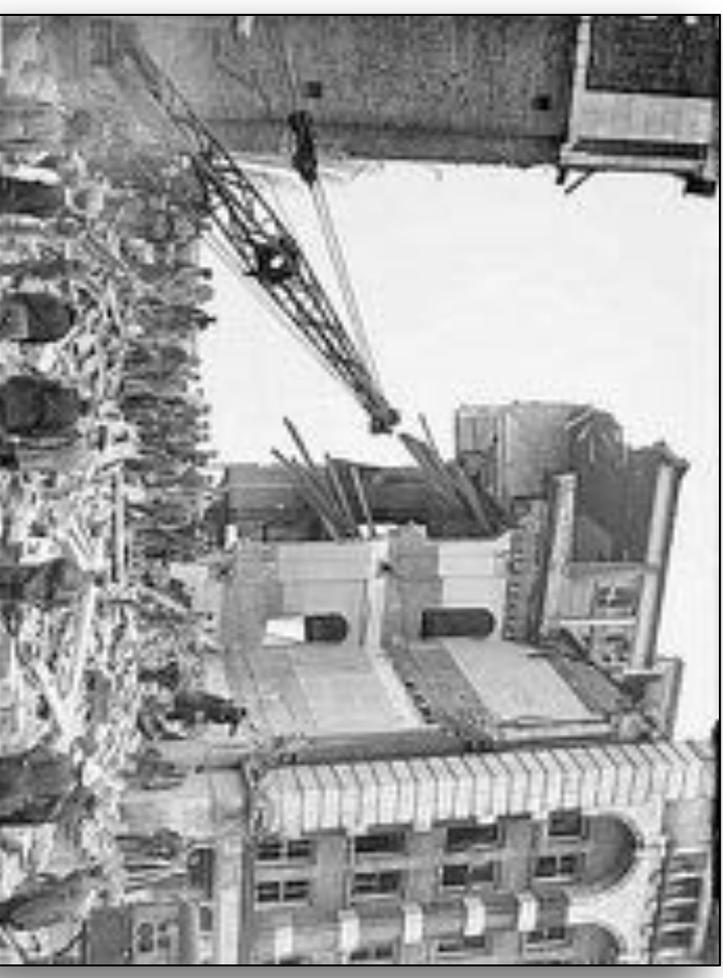
He was involved in rescuing the kids from the bombed school in Catford, which broke his heart, and shortly afterwards he died.” Reg O’Neil

On 20th January 1943 a group of Focke-Wulf fighter bombers approached Lewisham in what the Germans called a “terror raid”. Each plane carried an 1100 pound bomb and a machine gun.

At 12:30pm, during lunch hour, one of the planes machine-gunned people in Sangley Road and Sandhurst Road before circling round the school and dropping its bomb killing 38 children and 6 teachers.



Sandhurst School, Minard Road, Catford
The bomb destroyed the left hand block, including the dining hall.



On 7th Oct 1943 a Junkers Ju88, under heavy shelling, jettisoned its bombs.

One destroyed 16-22 Earlsthorpe Road and 71-85 Sydenham Road.

Earlsthorpe Road



View from Earlsthorpe Road.



Albert Dubber and his daughter, Gertrude Facer, died at no. 18.

Margaret Garvey died at no. 20.



22-20 Earlsthorpe Rd

Fermor Road



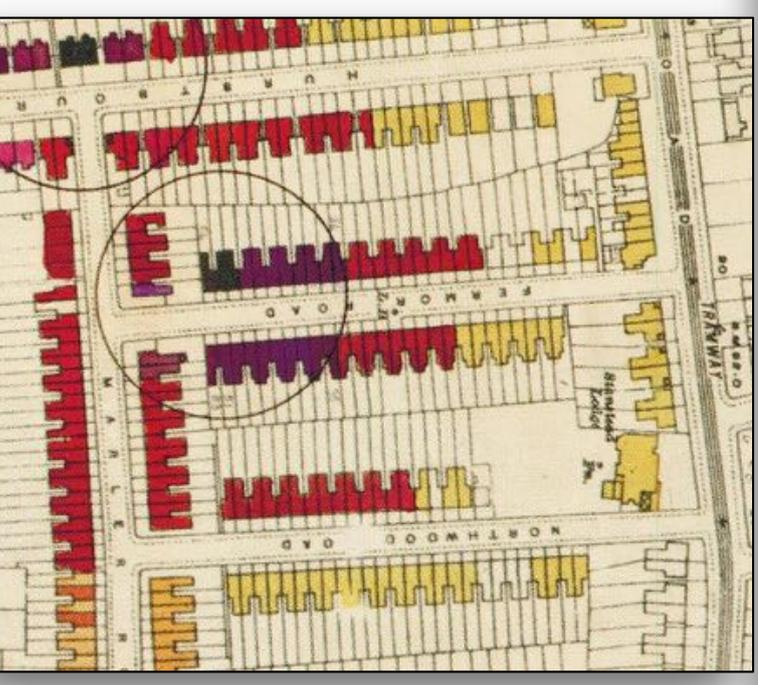
Thirteen people died when Fermor Road was hit
by a V1 on 21st June 1944.

This was the highest casualty rate from a V1 in the area.

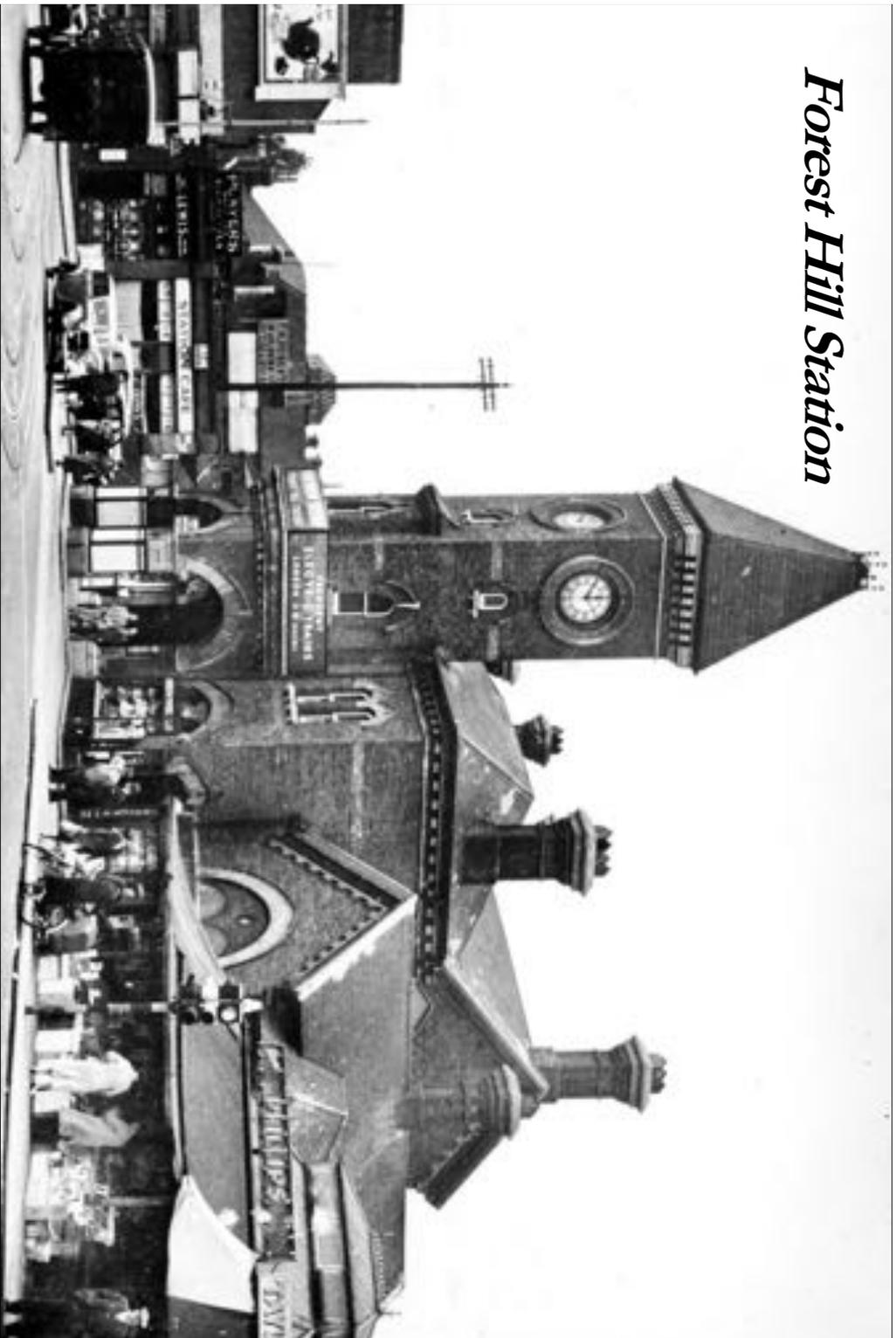
The photograph shows the site of 56-50 Fermor Road.
Eleven people died here.

The ruined house on the right was possibly
42 Fermor Road where Thomas Pearsons, a teacher,
and his wife Elizabeth had lived since 1911.

Elizabeth was injured by the bomb
and died several hours later in Sydenham Children's Hospital.



Forest Hill Station



The booking hall was rebuilt in 1883. It was one of the most distinctive buildings in the area.

The present station was built in the early 1970s.

Forest Hill Station in the 1930s.

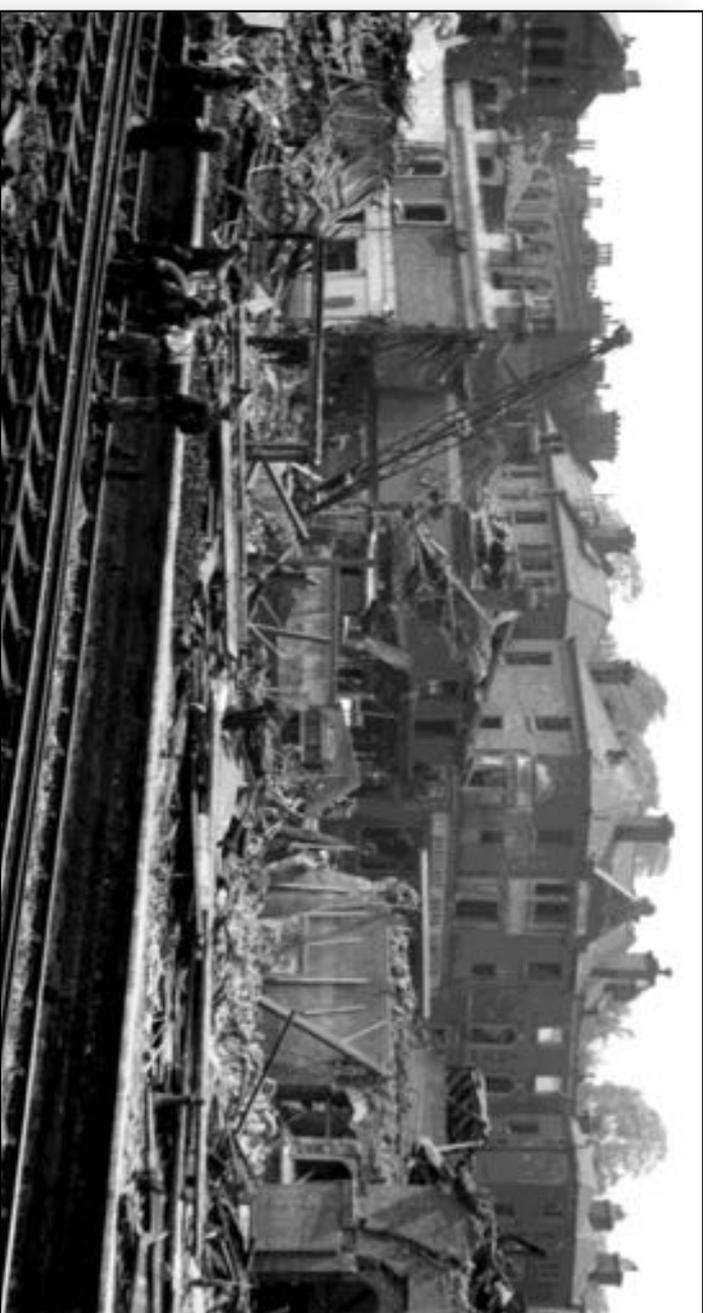


Forest Hill Station

In the late afternoon of 23rd June 1944 the air raid sirens sounded.

A large group of people went to shelter in the station underpass.

At 5:45pm a V1 exploded on the pedestrian subway killing 3 people and injuring 18.



The station building was severely damaged and several nearby shops destroyed.

Dorothy Howard was one of the three who died.

She was born Dorothy Mary Beacham in 1907.

In about 1914 her family moved to Blythe Vale.

In 1932 she married John William Howard and they moved to a flat in Perry Vale.

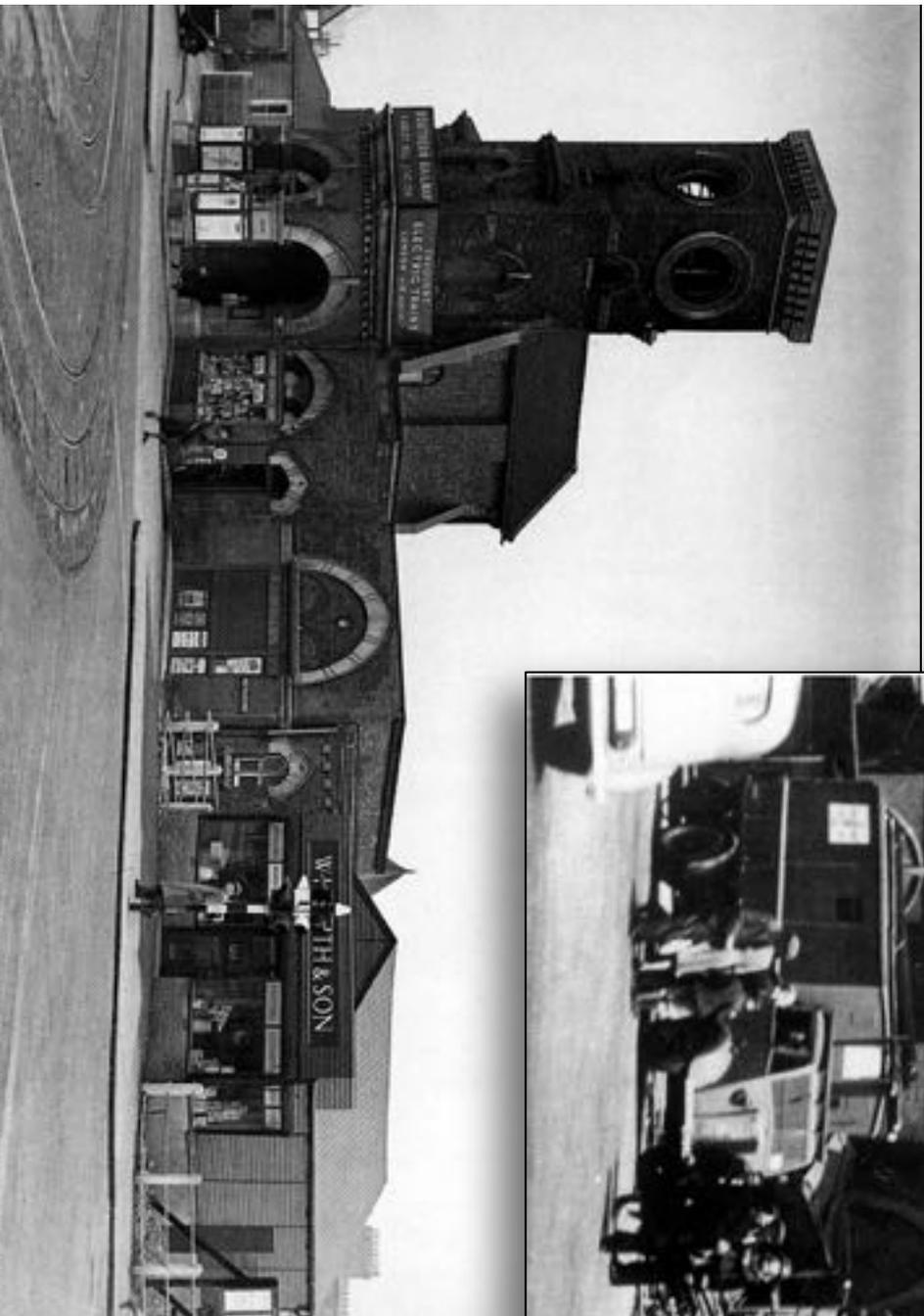
Dorothy trained as a nurse and during the war was an Air Raid Warden.

HOWARD Dorothy Mary of 102b Perry Vale Forest Hill London single woman died 23 June 1944 at Forest Hill Station Subway London S.E.23 Administration London 18 August to Gertrude Jane Beacham widow. Effects £210 Os. 9d.

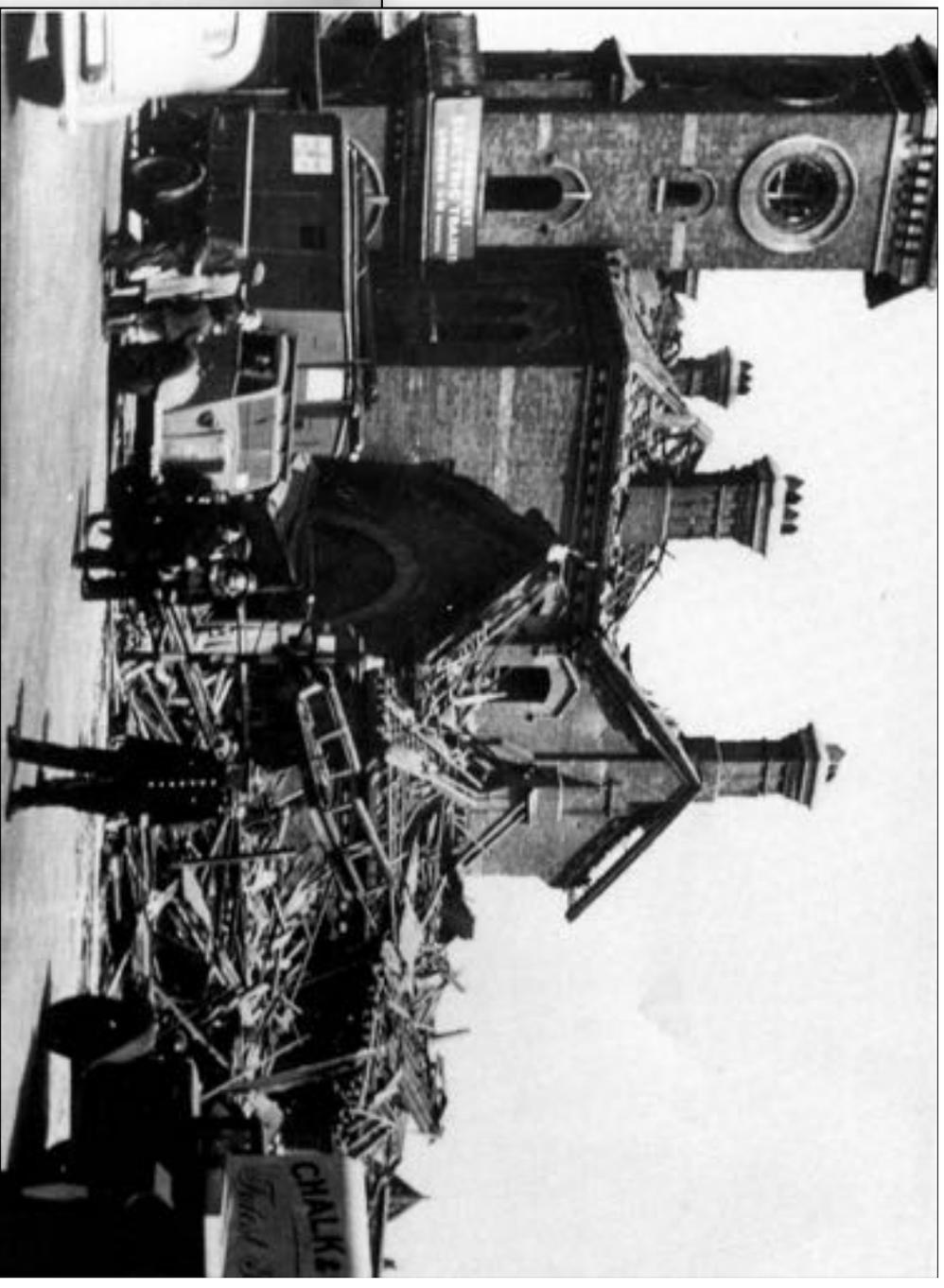


Dorothy is remembered on the War Memorial in St Mary's churchyard

The station in about 1952



The station in 1944



Reg O'Neil

Born Sydenham 1920, died 18th May 2011



Reg O'Neil lived with his parents at
Derby House, 46 Trewsbury Road from 1935 until 1940
when he joined the RAF.

On 26th June 1944 the house was hit by a V1 "buzz bomb".
According to Reg his parents were on duty as Air Raid Wardens at
the Rink Cinema in Silverdale at the time and nobody was hurt.



PRESS MESSAGE FORM

CALL

CIRCUIT No.

PRIORITY

TRANSMISSION INSTRUCTIONS

SPACE WITHIN HEAVY LINES FOR SIGNALS USE ONLY.

FROM (A) to GRIGG...pathé americans.....nyc.

LONDON THE 28 08 1944

FROM PRESNEL LONDON

Lennox...london..

MESSAGE INSTRUCTIONS

GR

SPACE BELOW FOR CORRESPONDENT'S USE.

pathé american item stop please commentate newstems following to
movie on buzz bomb three stop para exflying bomb struck in south
hyphon east london early this morning comma june 26 comma monday
comma causing extensive damage to houses and other properties stop
para the bomb struck large house in own grounds almost razing
parhouse stop casualty's were light comma seeing large extent
damage stop warden and wife were saved miraculously by hall hyphon
way boarded with planks stop as house crashed they were saved by walls
supported by boarding stop para quote crash of buzzer worse than
crash ordobomb unquote say people affected by these monstrous
weapons of a nazi war stop guns are ineffectual in waging war
antibuzzer stop movie follow radio perbbe stop enditem
Lennox 0627
Lennox via cable and wireless

FOR MESSAGE CENTER USE ONLY.

THE or TOR

OPERATOR

TIME CLEARED

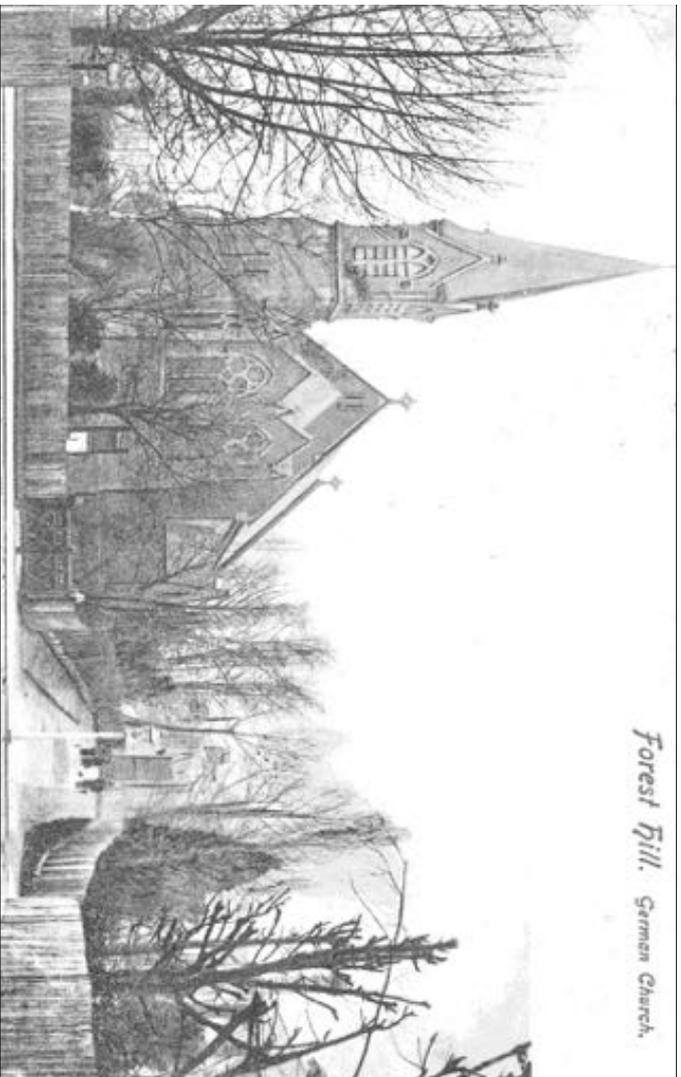
*Derby House
Trewsbury Road*

London 26th June 1944

...flying bomb struck in south east London early this morning causing extensive damage to houses and other properties.

The bomb struck [a] large house in its own grounds almost razing house. Casualties were light, seeing large extent [of] damage. Warden and wife were saved miraculously by hall-way boarded with planks. As [the] house crashed they were saved by walls supported by boarding.

"Crash of buzzer worse than crash ordobomb" say people affected by these monstrous weapons of a nazi war. Guns are ineffectual in waging war antibuzzer.



The original church was built in 1882.

German Church

The German Church was seriously damaged when a V1 landed in Dacres Road in August 1944. Although it might have been repaired nothing happened and it gradually deteriorated.

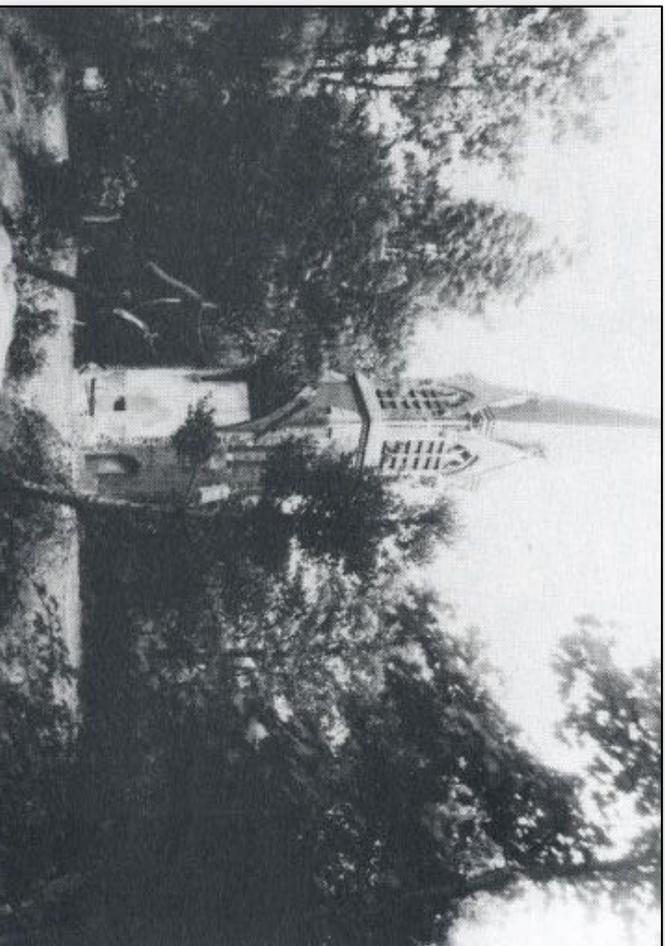
In 1953 the LCC threatened to compulsorily purchase the site for housing if a church was not built.

Finally, in 1954, the German community agreed to rebuild the church.

The new church was opened in 1958.

The church was dedicated to Dietrich Bonhoeffer, pastor of the church from 1933-1935 who returned to Germany to oppose the Nazis.

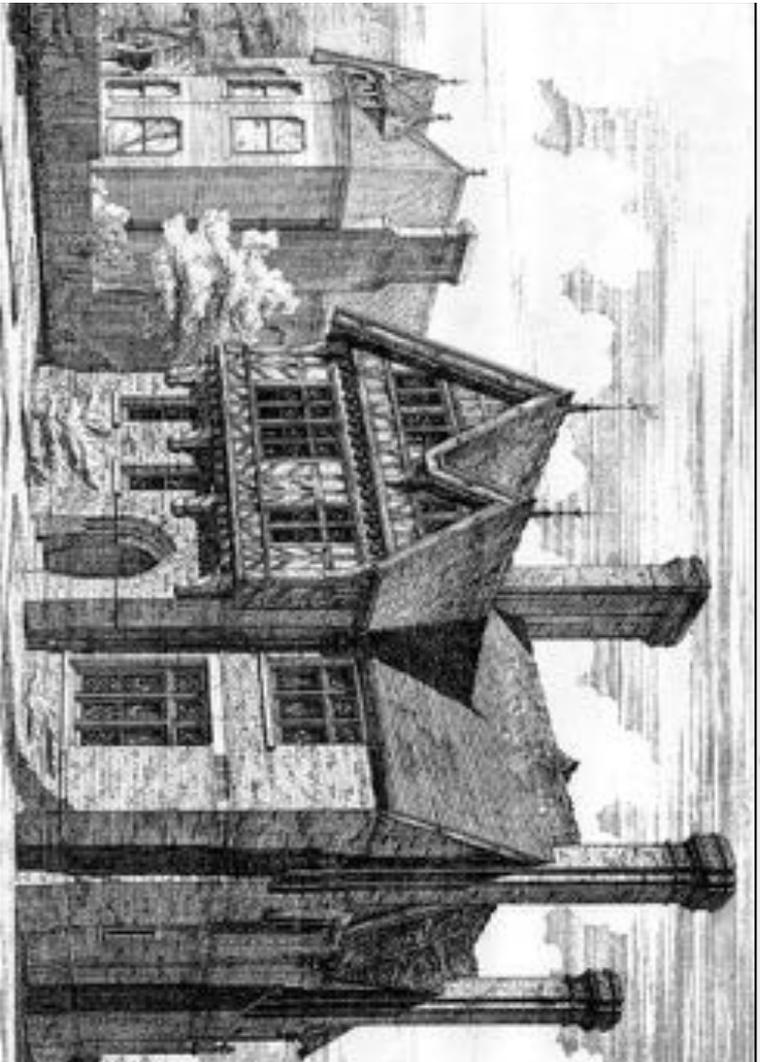
He was imprisoned and eventually killed by them.



By 1950 only the spire remained.



73-75 Crystal Palace Park Road



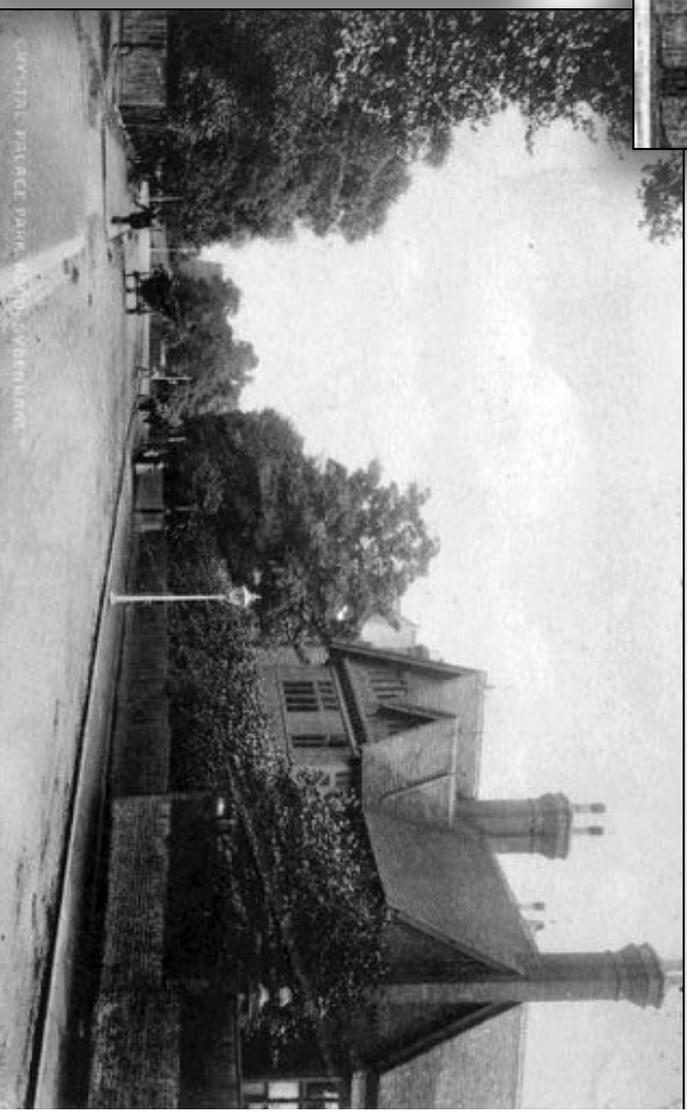
Probably the last bomb to fall in the area was a V2 that destroyed both 73 and 75 Crystal Palace Park Road (near the junction with Westwood Hill) on 15th March 1945.

These were two large Victorian house that had been converted into flats.
Nine people died here.

Elizabeth Kimpton, Dorothy Philp, Marguerite Pillow, Edwin Pillow and Ada Woods died at no.73.
Several of them are on the memorial in St Barts.

Edward Jones, a stockbroker, and his wife Anne Georgina had lived at no.75 since 1939.
They were both killed by the V1 and both on the memorial in St Barts.

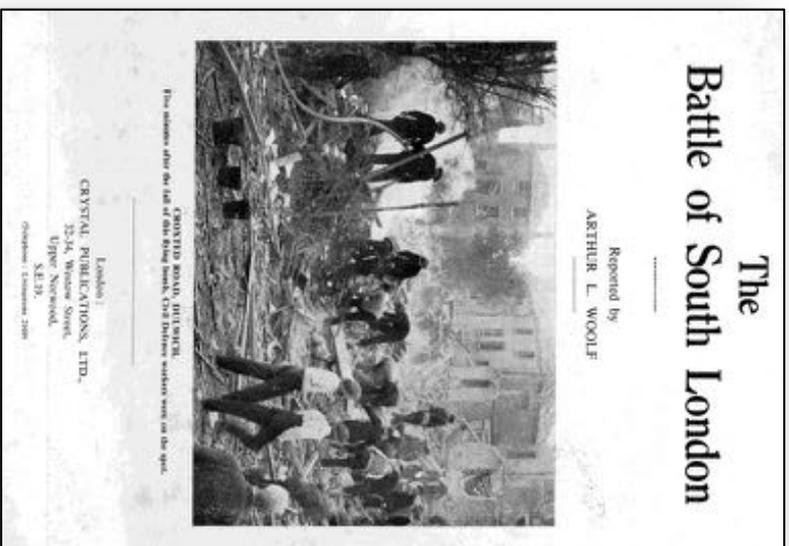
The site of the houses is now an entrance to the park.



Casualties

Altogether, 115 flying bombs landed in the Borough of Lewisham, causing 275 fatal casualties. 1,070 people were ordered hospital treatment, and 373 were treated at First Aid Posts. The damage to property in the Borough was proportionately great; 1,129 houses were destroyed, or will have to be totally destroyed because of the extent of the damage; 1,553 were rendered uninhabitable; 5,305 were seriously damaged, and 55,335 suffered minor damage. Many of the houses were damaged more than once, but the report, which was submitted to the Council by Alderman Bartlett, Chairman of the Civil Defence Emergency Committee, was a collective one.

From The Battle for South London, an account of the V1 flying bomb raids, published Winter 1944.
 After the last launch site had been over-run by allied forces in September 1944 censorship was lifted and newspapers could report on what had happened.



HOW THE BOROUGH OF LEWISHAM SUFFERED 1940 - 1945

CIVILIAN POPULATION :	
KILLED	1132
SERIOUSLY INJURED AND DETAINED IN HOSPITAL ...	1675
SLIGHTLY INJURED	3351
	<u>6158</u>
PROPERTY :	
HOUSES TOTALLY DESTROYED	2983
HOUSES DAMAGED	49077
HOUSES UNDAMAGED	1388

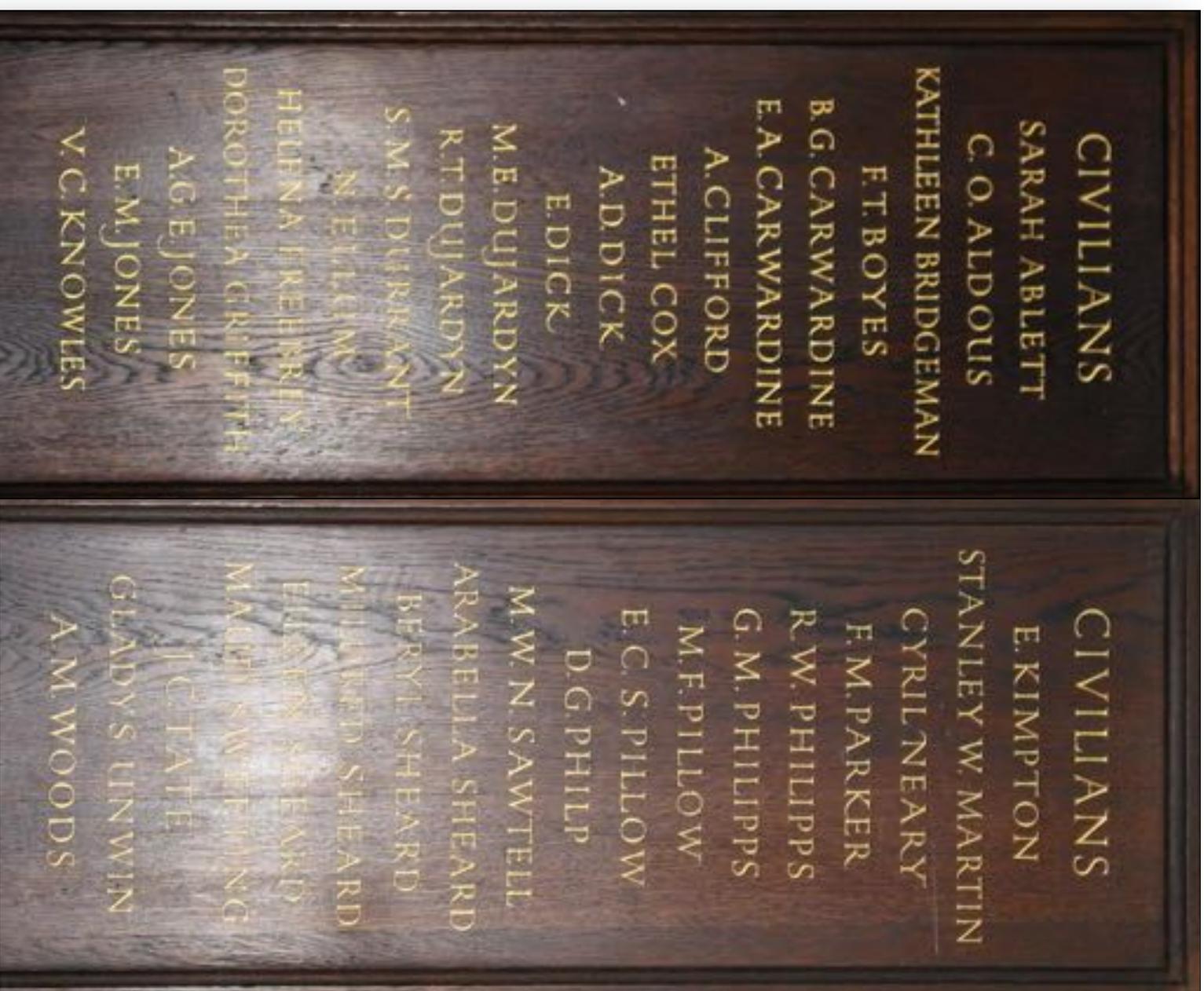
From the Thanksgiving Celebrations leaflet.

Memorials

Memorial in St Barts to
37 civilians killed in World War II.

Dorothea Griffith
and the Sheard family
died at Panmure Road.

Edwin and Anne Jones,
Elizabeth Kimpton,
Edwin and Marguerita Pillow,
Dorothy Philp
and Ada Woods
died at Crystal Palace Park Road.





Baptist Chapel, Perry Rise



All Saints, Trewsbury Road



Wesley Hall, Sydenham Road



Holy Trinity, Sydenham Park

Sydenham VC holders



Henry William Engleheart (1863-1939)
Lived at 18 Charlecote Grove 1863-1869
Sergeant, served in the Boer War



Francis John William Harvey (1873-1916)
Born Kirkdale Villa, Kirkdale 1873
Major, served in World War 1



George Arthur Knowland (1922-1945)
Lived at 17 Fransfield Grove, probably as a foster child.
Lieutenant, served in the World War 2



Gordon Campbell (1888-1983)
Lived at Airds, 2 Crescent Wood Road 1901-1911
Commander, RN, served in World War 1



Phillip (Pip) Gardner
Lived at 37 Trewsbury Road 1914-1939
Served in World War 2

Alfred Henry Hook
Lived on Sydenham Hill
Served in Zulu War

George Evans (1876-1937)
Lived in Anerley,
Worked for NSPCC in Sydenham
Sergeant Major, served in World War 1

Richard Basil Brandram Jones (1897-1916)
Lived in Honor Oak Rise 1897-1902
Served in World War 1

John Lynn (1887-1915)
Born 20 Hindsley Place, Perry Vale
Served in World War 1

Pacifists

THE POLITICS OF PEACE

contributors:

**BILL GRINDLAY
DONALD PORT
RONALD H. SMITH
HOWARD WHITTEN**

forward by

VERA BRITAIN

GP

a peace COMMENTARY publication

The Peace Commentary Group
believes that men's dreams of a fuller freedom and a more abundant life can be realized only in a socialist society, and that the body of socialism must be moved by a spirit which is essentially pacifist. On many issues, the members of the Group differ considerably. They work together because they are agreed that the basis of their unity—the necessity of a socialism inspired by a pacifist faith—is more important than the points on which they differ. They believe that the moral concept of peace must have political expression, but that a political movement needs a soul.
August, 8, 1948.

first of the month—

peace

Commentary

a socialist pacifist view of

INDUSTRY

PARLIAMENT

IMPERIAL and

FOREIGN POLICY

3d. (post free 4d.) from:

16 Mecklenburgh Square, London, W.C.1
or P.P.U. Bookshop, Dick Sheppard House.

a peace COMMENTARY group publication



Donald Soper (1903-1998)

lived with his parents at
243 Devonshire Road
from 1918 to 1923.

He was a pupil at

Haberdashers' Aske's School, Hatcham.

Vera Britain (1893-1970) was a pacifist, feminist
and writer, author of Testament of Youth.

David Millard Perkins (1925-1945)



"Chris with love", "DP"

In 2011 the remains of an RAF bomber that crashed in the Po Valley in Italy in 1945 were discovered. Four airmen died in the crash. The airmen were finally laid to rest, with military honours, on Thursday 18th July 2013 at the War Cemetery in Italy.

The family of one of the airmen, David Millard Perkins, was living at Border Road at the time of his death. They also lived at 50 Lawrie Park Road.

Thanksgiving Celebrations



His Worship THE MAYOR and MAYORESS,
Alderman H. E. Brown and Mrs. Brown.
1939 - 1945.

Lewisham Thanksgiving Celebration Committee.

Chairman—The Mayor of Lewisham
Vice Chairman—Alderman Furness, J.P.
Alderman Bartlett, J.P. Councillor Joy
" Cummings, M.B.E. " Moys
Councillor Mrs. Armstrong Mrs. Farrance
" Bradfield Mrs. Sedgewick
" Evans Mr. J. Ralsin
" Farmer
Hon. Organiser—H. C. Housden.

SATURDAY, JUNE 9th, 1945.

- 3.30 p.m. Procession through the Borough of Tableaux from the Thanksgiving Pageant.
Starting Ladywell Baths, Lewisham High St. Rushey Green, Bromley Road, Southend Lane, Sydenham Road, Kirkdale, Dartmouth Road, Forest Hill Station, Stanstead Road and then to Town Hall.
- 4.0 p.m. Livery Hall, Sydenham—Old People's Tea and Entertainment.
- 7.30 p.m. West Bee's Concert, Party—Mayor Park, Sydenham.
- 7.30 p.m. Dancing at Home Park.
- 7.30 p.m. Dancing at Forster Park.
- 7.30 p.m. MAYORAL BALL at Ladywell Baths, S.E. 13. HALYON DANCE ORCHESTRA. Tickets 5/- Dress optional.
- Tickets can be obtained from 346 High Street, S.E. 13, or at Ladywell Baths.
- PRIVATELY ARRANGED :**
- May 26th Victory Tea for children, Cornisborough Crescent, S.E. 6.
- May 28th Victory Tea for children arranged by Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Harris, "Sir David Brewster," and Mr. and Mrs. Jennings, of Ryecroft Road.
- May 28th Morestead Road Children's Thanksgiving Party.
- June 2nd "VE" Party for children of Algernon Road, S.E. 13 at 5.0 p.m.
- June 8th "Victory Party" for children at St. Andrew's Hall, 3.0 p.m., followed by Dance and Social in the Evening.



The End

WEDNESDAY MAY 31 1918

AIR RAID VICTIMS' BURIAL.

Silent and sympathetic crowds lined the route to a Metropolitan Cemetery on Friday afternoon, when thirteen victims killed in the previous Sunday night's air-raid were buried. The funeral procession was a long one. Headed by Volunteer and Salvation Army bands, which played funeral marches en route, it started from the public mortuary. There were eight cars on which the coffins were borne, numerous coaches for the mourners, and an open landau was covered with beautiful floral tributes from sympathising relatives and friends. Members of a Men's V.A.D. Detachment marched beside the hearses. Some of the friends followed afoot. These included a group of girls from places where some of the victims worked.

The second part of the procession was headed by Major-General Sir Francis Lloyd, and other officers, together with local officials.

INQUESTS ON AIR-RAID VICTIMS.

GERMANY A NATION OF CRIMINALS

In opening inquests yesterday on 21 victims of Sunday night's raid, of whom 14 were killed by one bomb, a London Coroner observed that some of those killed appeared to be in the streets.

Referring to air-raid deaths in his district, he went on to say that we had very properly taken reprisals on Germany for these air invasions. He saw from that morning's newspapers that we had made four distinct raids into Germany ourselves. "I am delighted," he added, "that we are getting, as the phrase goes, some of our own back. Although we do not specially go out to kill women and children, it is their own fault if any get killed in Germany, for they started this sort of business, as they previously started other things in the war, which were considered illegitimate, including poison gas.

"The Germans being a nation of criminals, which can be amply proved by statistics, one has ceased to expect anything honourable from them. The only thing to do is to kill them. I see nothing else to do with Germans. The world would be much better and happier if there were no Germans. In the last 100 years they have proved themselves the firebrands of Europe. They have been at the bottom of every war and rumour of war, and until we can thoroughly crush them we shall get no peace in this world."

The Mayor of the borough expressed deep sympathy with those who had lost relatives and friends. He had seen the absolute calm which existed after the explosion, and had seen the people meeting these troubles in the same manner that Englishmen had met other troubles in the past and would meet them in the future. Those who were not injured at once rendered what aid they could. His Worship added that he desired to thank the Police, Special Constables, the Fire

killed in

SUNDAY NIGHT'S RAID.

**37 KILLED AND 161 INJURED
IN LONDON DISTRICT.**

**DANGER OF DISREGARDING THE
"TAKE COVER."**

Seven of the Gotha aeroplanes which took part in Sunday night's raid are reported to have been brought down. From many parts of South-East London one of them was seen to crash down in flames. At many points the creaking of people, who had from windows and streets watched the combat, could be heard.

THE OFFICIAL REPORT.

The following official communique was issued late on Monday night:—

A considerable number of Gotha aeroplanes appear to have taken part in last night's raid. It is not possible to give an exact figure, but probably between 20 and 30 machines participated.

A group of machines came in up the Thames Estuary about 11 p.m., and skirted the North Kent Coast on their way to

THE BELLINGHAM F.C.

Continuing our series of articles dealing with the local athletic clubs and their Roll of Honour, we have pleasure this week in publishing that of the Bellingham Football Club. Our object in writing these articles is to combat the assumption that local athletes have not done their duty, or, in other words, have not flocked to the Colours to the extent that they should have done. With regard to the clubs whose Rolls of Honour we have already given, no such charge can be levelled, and this also applies to the club dealt with this week. The fact that all local football leagues had to be abandoned twelve months ago is in itself proof that the football players in this district realized their responsibilities. Of course, we know that there are plenty of young fellows of military age who have not joined the Colours, but few belonged to any of our athletic clubs. In fact they filled away their Saturday afternoons and week-day evenings, and if they had not the pluck to join a football or a cricket club it stands to reason that they have but little heart for the still more serious game of war.

With regard to the Bellingham Football Club, judging from the number of members with his Majesty's Forces, we can only say that it has proved itself one of the most patriotic in the neighbourhood, for no less than 80 per cent. of its members are serving their country. One has been killed, viz., Private G. Emery, of the 20th London, and three wounded. The club was formed in the season 1913-14, under the presidency of Sir E. F. Costes, Bart., M.P., but was temporarily disbanded owing to its members flocking to the colours at the outbreak of the war. Every effort will be made at the end of the war to restart the club, and it is to be hoped that the sportsmen of the district will help to put a club showing such practical patriotism on its feet again. The

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With regard to the Kensington Football Club, judging from the number of members with his Majesty's Forces, we can only say that it has proved itself one of the most patriotic in the neighbourhood, for no less than 80 per cent. of its members are serving their country. One has been killed, viz., Private G. Emery, of the 20th London, and three wounded. The club was formed in the season 1913-14, under the presidency of Sir E. F. Coates, Bart., M.P., but was temporarily disbanded owing to its members flocking to the colours at the outbreak of the war. Every effort will be made at the end of the war to restart the club, and it is to be hoped that the sportsmen of the district will help to put a club showing such practical patriotism on its feet again. The following is a complete list of members serving their King and country:—

- Private G. Emery, 20th London Regiment (killed in action).
- Private F. Bowler, Royal Army Medical Corps (wounded).
- Private C. Ayling, Queen Victoria Rifles (wounded).
- Private W. Smith, 21st London Regiment (wounded).
- Second-Lieutenant A. W. Bonome, Border Regiment.
- Bombardier G. Clayton, 4th Howitzer Brigade, R.F.A.
- Lance-Corporal W. G. Crouch, 20th London Regiment.
- Private N. S. Crouch, 20th London Regiment.
- Private T. Roberts, Artists' Rifles.
- Private S. Webb, 20th London Regiment.
- Private W. T. Dacey, 20th London Regiment.
- Private Partridge, 20th London Regiment.
- Private T. Nops, 20th London Regiment.
- Private S. Watson, 20th London Regiment.
- Private A. Hyatt, 20th London Regiment.
- Private V. Hyatt, 20th London Regiment.
- Private L. Carr, 20th London Regiment.
- Private L. Simpson, 20th London Regiment.
- Gunner A. Hawkey, 4th Howitzer, R.F.A.
- Gunner S. Williams, 4th Howitzer, R.F.A.
- Gunner J. Tuck, 4th Howitzer, R.F.A.
- Gunner H. Pierce, 4th Howitzer, R.F.A.

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 - Capt. Wynne
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 - Lieut. L. B. I
 - Lieut. T. G. I
 - Sergt. Day, I

**UND. WITH THE COLOURS.
AT A PATRIOTIC LOCAL CLUB.**

THE BELLINGHAM F.C.

Continuing our series of articles dealing with the local athletic clubs and their Roll

**COUNTY CR
AT CAT**

WEST KENT

Some Features

Private Banks' Gr

EXIT "BERLIN ROAD."

"Berlin-road," as a name officially disappeared on Tuesday of last week, when the L.C.C. formally re-christened it "Canadian-avenue." On the following evening a party of Canadians from the Bromley-road Depot, after parading the neighboring streets with their band and an unflattering effigy of the Kaiser, tore down the old name-plate and substituted one bearing the new name. Afterwards the effigy was ceremonially burned in a field near the depot to the strains of the "Dead March."

BERLIN-ROAD AGAIN.

WHY NOT WOONPO ROAD?

"King Alfred" Ruled Out.

Owing to the number of times in which "Windsor" occurs in London-street names, the L.C.C. have informed the Lewisham Borough Council that they are not prepared to assent to the proposal to change the name of Berlin-road, Catford, to "Windsor-avenue." As an alternative, the committee suggest "King Alfred-road" or "King Alfred-avenue."

To this objections were raised at the meeting of the Lewisham Borough Council on Wednesday, when Councillor W. Morley moved that the letter from the L.C.C. be sent to committee. "There is," he said, "considerable objection to the name suggested by the County Council."

Councillor Baxter suggested that the title of the thoroughfare might be "Strathern-road" or "Avenue." He had heard from many of the residents on the subject. There were Scotsmen living in Berlin-road, and the name Strathern was a good Scotch one.

The Mayor: I have a letter here—I don't know whether it should be read or not—saying the road ought to be known as Woonpo-road (laughter).

Councillor Weeks: I should think we ought to find some good English name. There was an old resident whose name is on the memorial near here—Whitehead.

Councillor Baxter said there were roads to that name.

Councillor Morley said he had at least four names to put before the committee.

The letter was sent to committee.

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HOSPITALS FETE.

GREAT CROWDS AT CATFORD

1,000 WOUNDED SOLDIERS
ENTERTAINED.

Animated Scenes.

The Hospitals Fete on Whit-Monday at Catford was a great success. A crowd that ran into many thousands was attracted to the White House Ground, Bromley-road. Estimates of its size ran from 40,000 upwards. No previous event in the district, in recent years, has drawn such numbers. Although the programme did not begin until one p.m., many visitors began to arrive at nine a.m. Following the advice of the committee, they took their rations with them

CELEBRATING VICTORY.

DINNER AND CONCERT AT GOLDEN SHRED WORKS.

FOUR HUNDRED GUESTS.

Mr. Robert Robertson on Employers' Responsibilities.

In celebration of the cessation of hostilities, Mr. Robert Robertson, resident director of News, Robertson and Sons, entertained the whole of the employees on Friday evening at the Golden Shred Works, Bromley-road, Catford. The large staff dining-room was gaily decorated with the flags of the Allies and patriotic mottoes. An excellent four-course dinner, served from the kitchen, was followed by toasts and a capital musical entertainment. Apart from the staff, many of their friends, including some lads on leave from the Front, were welcomed, and one or two from hospital. In all four hundred guests attended.

Mr. Robertson, who was accompanied by Mrs. Robertson, presided, and was supported by Mr. and Mrs. Scholes, Mr. and Mrs. Thomson, Lieutenant Ben come, and Master Willie Robertson.

After the toast of the King, proposed from the chair, Mr. Tom Smith (sales manager), as master of ceremonies, introduced the two youngest members of the staff—the Misses Ivy Facet and Nora Gallchawko—to present a handsome basket of flowers, including choice orchids and chrysanthemums, to Mrs. Robertson, who in a few words graciously thanked the staff for their gift.

"Our Navy, Army, and Air Forces, the Waacs, Wrens, and Penguins," was a toast safely entrusted to Mr. Jackson, and was replied to by Gunner Watson, R.G.A., on leave from France. "I shall be proud, when I go back in a day or two, to convey to the boys out there the feelings you have for them," said the Gunner.

CANADIAN SPORTS AT CATFORD.

BASEBALL AND TUG-OF-WAR.

The Canadian Forestry Corps (Technical Warehouse and Mechanical Branch) successfully carried out a programme of athletic sports on the Private Banks Ground, Catford, on Saturday. Admission being free, a collection was made on the grounds. Seventy-five per cent. of the sum received is being sent to the Lewisham Military Hospital for comforts. The officials were Major A. Fenton, M.B.E., Captains D. T. Cameron, A. S. McKercher, Lieutenants Wallace Watson, F. C. Mechin, Staff-Sergeants P. Edwards, C. F. Beasley, Sergeants W. Purdy, S. B. Stedham, Gordon, M. Bouskill, Corporals J. Ridings and R. H. Hiscocks, Lance-Corporal W. C. Ball, Privates Young and Michell.

Keen interest was excited by a baseball match, in which an Orpington Military Hospital team were the winners by four games to two scored by Canadian Forestry Corps. The tug-of-war, in which Brigadier-General A. McDougall, C.B., and Lieutenant-Colonel D. B. Campbell, M.B.E., acted as judges, was another big feature. In the first round men from the warehouse and machine shops of the Corps pulled against two teams

CATFORD BELGIAN HOMES.

The committee gratefully acknowledges the gift of a large cheese from the Government of Canada, through the Local Government Board. Also, per Mrs. Titford, cheque from Mr. G. Burton for £3 13s. 6d., from the Forest Hill and Sydenham Dramatic Society a cheque for £14 6s. 3d., and a donation of 15s. from Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Samuels.

Mons. Plisnier, who, with his wife, is the guest of the hon. secretary, left recently for Belgium to try to find his only son, who is a captain in the Belgian Army, and from whom no news had been received for ten days. Madam Plisnier has just received news that her husband has found their son, and proposes to stay some little time with the Belgian Army.

The children from both 49 and 79, Berlin-road were the guests, on Wednesday last, of Mr. and Mrs. Bown, of 4, Thornsbeach-road. Tea was served at 4.30, a magic lantern entertainment afterwards proving a source of much pleasure to the young folk. The committee would be grateful this week for firewood, also coffee, sugars, vermicelli, macaroni, haricot beans, dried green peas, butter and soda.



Bronley's Garage, 51



Bromley Rd. Catford S.E.



Cardford Journal

AND BELLINGHAM WEEKLY NEWS

17th Year. Friday, January 15, 1915. Eight

ELECTRIC PALACE

The Picture Playhouse.
HIGH STREET, LEWISHAM.

To-day and To-morrow,
"THE RAT."
Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday,
JANUARY 19th, 20th & 21st.



"HOME SWEET HOME."
14th Electrical Microphone.
M. G., M. and L.
Tel. No. 107 LEE GREEN.
Manager, W. HUTCHINSON.

HUTCHINSON'S

Best and Best Silver, 273, BROWN HILL ROAD, TEL. 121.
The above premises are NOW OPEN with a variety New Stock.
HUTCHINSON'S 273, BROWN HILL ROAD.
For more details call 26, BRIDGE STREET.

DUBOIS, OUTFITTER, LEWISHAM, S.E.

BLACK HORSE HOTEL. **RUSHEY GREEN**
Genuine Terrestrial.
Good Dinner for one, two, three, four, five, and six persons.
GRAND BILLIARD SALOON. Two Tables. Ground Floor.
LUNCHEONS and TEAS provided daily. GRAND CONCERT ROOM.
Phone—Lee Green 275. **Proprietor—K. A. ABLETT.**

Telephone: **JOHN T. DENNIS,** Telephone: **1**
No. 429 Lee Green. **FAMILY BUTCHER.**
ABERDEEN HOUSE, LEE GREEN, K.E.

BEST-CLASS BONE-KILLED MEAT.
Poultry raised on farm in Lee Green, Buntingford, and other special
meat brands. **ORDERING GUARANTEED BY DELIVERY ROAD.**

W. H. GOMER, Builder, Designer, Gas, Hot-Water and Sanitary Engineer,
29, MONTPELIER VALE, BLACKHEATH (Facing Westgate Road).
Special Douglas in Artistic Paper-hanging. Sanitary Fittings and Patent
Excavating Regular Service (rating from 20 to 200 per inch of road).
R. E. GIBSON of Cambridge Works provides all sizes for the construction of Cranes
and is a dealer in all kinds of machinery. Tel. No. Lee Green 122.

SITUATION For Resident

Business and Government
are ready to obtain with
30 years in the Straits
Universities in Civil Service
World's Clerks' Call
also by employers' be

The Training Centre
A. Wilson Head, Former
of M. S. GEO. E. C.
Central College

Good Earning Power
every qualified student
Call, Write or Tel.

CLARK'S
126, CHAN
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11-11 Office: Clark's

CHANGE OF
THE BULLOCK BIRTH

AND
S.A.

SIX FIGHTING BROTHERS.

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IN FRANCE AND THE DARDANELLES.

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Catford Family's Record.

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Mrs. Packer, of 24, Morena-street, Rushy-green, has reason to be proud of her six soldier sons who are at present serving their country.

Private Sydney Packer, who is the eldest son, is in the 2nd Border Regiment, and was wounded at Ypres. He has since joined the Cyclists' Corps, and is again at the Front.

Private Albert Packer is in the 1st Border Regiment, and is now with the Mediterranean Expeditionary Force.

Lance-Corporal George Packer, also of the 1st Border Regiment, and with the Mediterranean Expeditionary Force, is thought to be wounded, although no official confirmation has yet been received.

Lance-Corporal William Packer is in the Royal West Kent Regiment and is now in training.

Private Arthur Packer is with the Canadian Contingent still in Canada.

Private Charles Packer is with the 20th London and now training.

Such a record is worthy of every praise, and is a fine example to those young men who have not yet joined or who think they will not be wanted.

LEE TRADER WOUNDED AT YPRES.

PRIVATE KIETH ROBINSON :
NEWSAGENT AND TOBACCONIST.

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THE JOURNAL, FRIDAY, MAY 28, 1915.

**ANTI-GERMAN UNION AND
HITHER GREEN P.S.A.**

VISIT OF MR. C. P. TREVELYAN, M.P.

- Interview With Rev. F. J. Trick.

The fact that Mr. C. P. Trevelyan, M.P., was recently permitted to speak at a Pleasant Sunday Afternoon gathering at Hither Green

**SIX FIGHTING BROTHERS,
IN FRANCE AND THE DARDANELLES.**

Catford Family's Record.

Mrs. Packer, of 24, Morena-street, Rushey-green, has reason to be proud of her six soldier sons who are at present serving their country.

Private Sydney Packer, who is the eld-

20th LONDON CASUALTIES.

DEATH OF A CATFORD SERGEANT.

Killed on First Day of Action.

FATHER AND FOUR SONS WITH THE COLOURS.

LEWISHAM BATTALION'S BRISK RECRUITING

END OF THE WAR.

CONTINUED FROM PAGE SIX.

CANADIAN CELEBRATION AT CATFORD.

The men of the Canadian Forestry Corps in Catford celebrated victory on Wednesday night by arranging a two-night procession, through an embay of the Kaiser, and incidentally, by a stony little piece of work in route, changing the name of Berlin-road into Canadian-avenue.

The latter for a few weeks have been the official name for that exuberant thoroughfare. A large proportion of the Corps have been billeted in the road, and while residents and the local authorities were discussing what its new name should be, members of the Corps hit on "Canadian-avenue" as appropriate, and street boards painted, and nailed them up. They were removed several times, but at last the title was officially adopted.

At the close of the usual Wednesday evening Y.M.C.A. concert at the Hall—which has been in the possession of the Corps for some time—a procession, headed by the Cadets and Scout bands was formed, and with flaring torches, and much cheering and singing, marched as far as Lewisham Fire-station.

The central feature of the procession was the effigy of the Kaiser—a sombre-looking figure swung and carried aloft on a sort of tripod scaffold. With a face made in wood and painted at the Bromley-road workshops by Private Karons, the figure was dressed in a dark suit, decorated with "iron" crosses. A

END OF THE WAR.

CONTINUED FROM PAGE SIX.

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The central feature of the procession was the effigy of the Kaiser—a sombre-looking figure swung and carried aloft on a sort of tripod scaffold. With a face made in wood and painted at the Bromley-road workshops by Private Karons, the figure was dressed in a dark suit, decorated with "iron" crosses. A military motor-wagon, filled with fuel and crowded with soldiers and their girl friends, brought up the rear. On returning, the procession made for Canadian-avenue, and paused while a name-board was nailed up on the corner house. It was the original intention of the Corps to burn the effigy in the road, but sub-Divisional-Inspector Davies, who had a large body of the regular police and special constabulary out, induced the Corps to proceed to the field in Bromley-road, immediately opposite the pre-war bus garage, used since 1914 for military purposes.

Here in the presence of a huge crowd, which did not entirely disperse until nearly midnight, the figure of the Hohenzollern and "Berlin-road" were burned on a bonfire, which, with the stipulation of petrol, blazed furiously

GERMAN CHURCH, FOREST HILL.

SERVICE STOPPED LAST SUNDAY MORNING.

IMPORTANT STATEMENT BY PASTOR GOCHLING.

UNSEEMLY STREET DISTURBANCES.

In a recent issue we published a report of a meeting held under the auspices of the Anti-German Union at Forest Hill. It was held one Sunday at midday outside the German Church in Dacres road—called the Deutsche Evangelische Kirche—at the time when the worshippers were leaving the morning service.

Not satisfied with this one meeting the Anti-German Union arranged another one for last Sunday morning at the same place, but the police stepped in and prohibited it. However, the Union was not dismayed, for they

Men of Lewisham!

Join the 11th,

Lewisham Battalion

OF THE

Royal West Kent Regiment.

ENLISTMENT FOR THE DURATION OF THE WAR.

RECRUITING OFFICES :

Old Fire Station, Rushey Green

Town Hall, Catford.

Red, White and Blue Huts,

*On The Quaggy, Lewisham, Lee Green, and
Lower Sydenham.*

Labour Exchange,

High Street, Lewisham.

Sydenham, 4, Kirkdale.

LEWISHAM BELGIAN REFUGEE HOSTEL.

TELEGRAM FROM THE KING.

The festive season at the Belgian Refugee Hostel, 272, High-street, Lewisham, passed off very pleasantly with good fare, toys for the children, and presents for the adults. On New Year's Night a special dinner of turkey and other good things were provided at 6 p.m., members of the committee and friends looking after the guests. After dinner the gifts on a large and plentifully loaded Christmas tree were distributed, and songs, games and dancing indulged in by all present.

Canon Hough, who is the president of the committee, spoke in sympathetic and encouraging terms to the guests, after which Mons. Block read the following on behalf of and signed by all the Belgian inmates: "Ladies and Gentlemen,—I express the feelings of the Belgians here when I say we are very glad to get the opportunity to thank you for your kindness, friendship and hospitality to us since our arrival here in England. And I may say that our children, as well as we all, shall remember for many years our good English Father, not "Santa Claus," but Father White himself. Likewise we join in wishing you all a very happy and prosperous Year Year, with health to you all and success to our arms. Before finishing I call for three cheers for His Majesty King George V. and the British people."

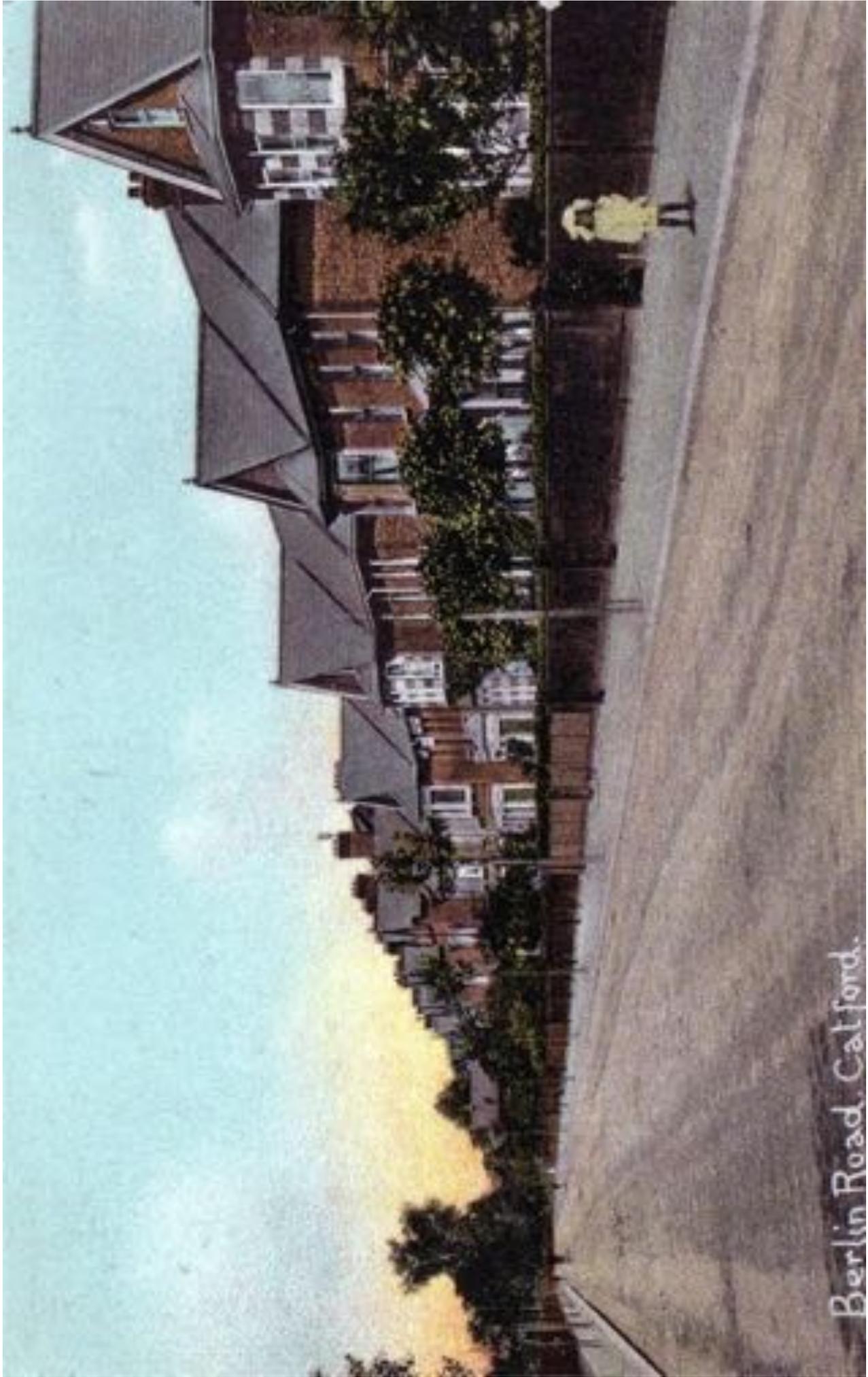
During the day the Belgians sent the following telegram to the King: "The Belgians here gratefully appreciate kindness shown them and their compatriots by the British, and tend respectful New Year's greetings to Your Majesties and Family and wish every success to the allied arms."

In the course of the evening the following reply was received from his gracious Majesty, Sandringham: "L. Block, for the Belgians' Refugee Hostel, 272, High-street, Lewisham. The King thanks all those who joined in the message of New Year's greetings to the Queen, His Majesty and their Family.—Stamfordham."

The committee desire to thank all those who helped so much and in so many ways.

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Berlin Road, Catford.

WW1 Catford

Edward Kehlstadt was actually born in Germany, in the town of [Gebweiler](#), Alsace (now in France). When he became liable for service in the British armed forces in 1916, he was a stockbroker's clerk living with his English-born wife Blanche in (aptly, or unfortunately) in [Berlin Road](#), Catford – renamed Canadian Avenue in 1918. Edward Kehlstadt joined the 31st Middlesex in March 1917. After training, he joined the 3rd Infantry Labour Company in France in June 1917; he served with them for more than a year. Following a spell of leave back in the UK in the summer of 1918, he went back out to France, but only until September 1918.

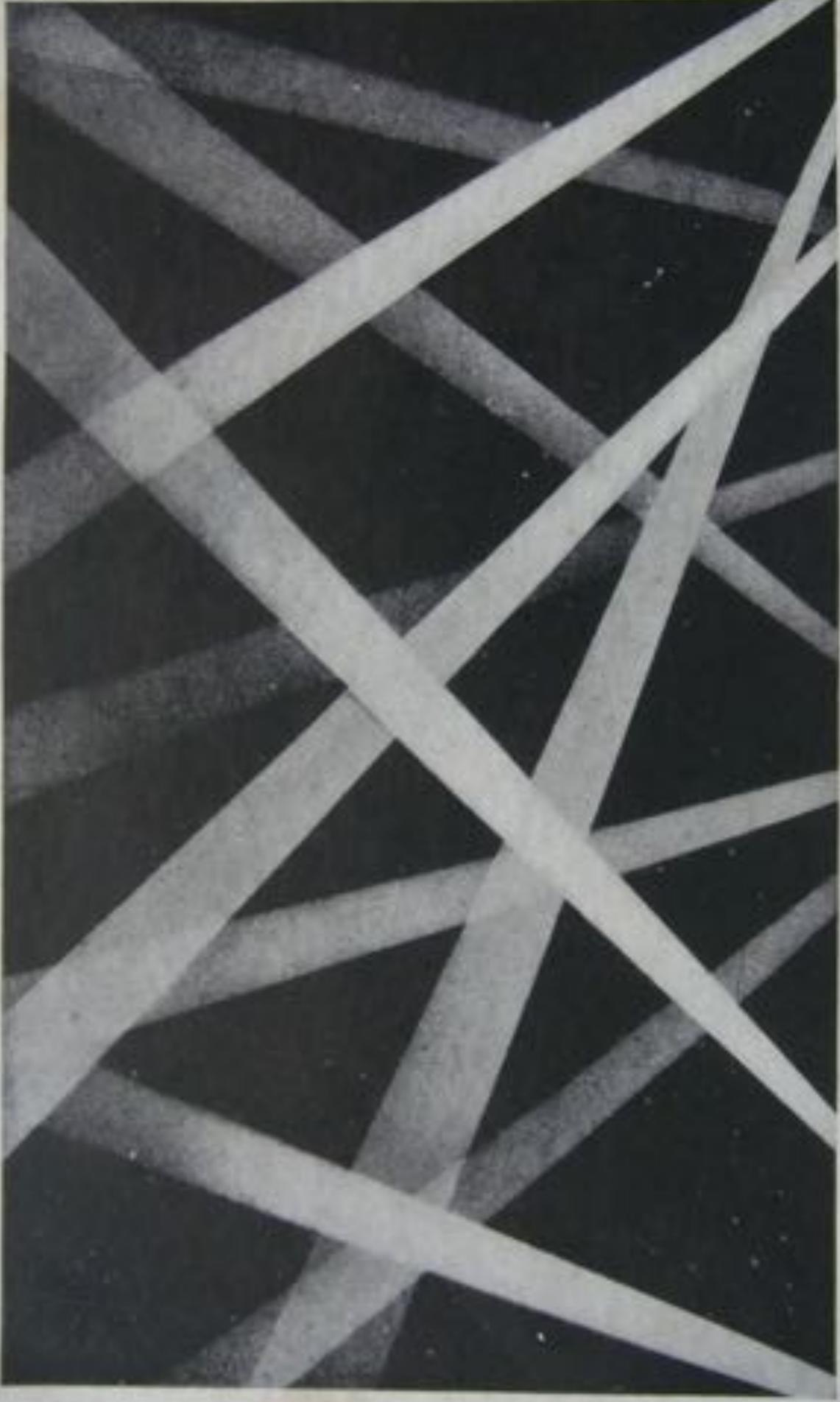
put to the Reservist on Enrolment.

1.	Edward Kehlstadt
2.	53 Berlin Road
	Catford
3.	Yes (Volunteered)
4.	3? Years 2 Months
5.	Stockbroker's Clerk

Edward Kehlstadt's record of service

After being admitted to hospital with boils, Edward Kehlstadt was sent back to England at the end of September and back to the 31st Battalion. A few weeks later, he died in [Cavendish Bridge](#) Voluntary Aid Detachment (VAD) Hospital in Shardlow, Derbyshire, on 21 October 1918. A few days later, he was [buried in Ladywell cemetery](#).

Blanche Kehlstadt wrote to the War Office requesting a badge of the Middlesex Regiment as a memento of her husband's service with the unit. Edward's [name appears on the war memorial](#) at St Mary's Church, Lewisham, where he and Blanche had married in 1909.



CATFORD, BY NIGHT.

On Meatless Days
make up the food value



by obtaining the following

LARGE TIN TUNA FISH

FROM CALIFORNIA, U.S.A.

1/6

TASTES LIKE FINEST TURKEY.

LARGE HARICOTS **5 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^{D.}**

From South America.

2 ^{lb.}

SPECIAL PRICE FIXED BY CONTROLLER.

WORLD'S
STORES

Pioneers of Popular Prices

92, Rushey Green, Catford.

BUTCHERS' SUNDAY MEETING.

EXACT WEIGHT PROBLEM.

No Bones for the Dog.

The Council Chamber at Lewisham Town Hall, Catford, was filled with butchers on Sunday afternoon, when the majority of the 110 registered members of the trade in the borough met for final prompting in regard to the rationing scheme which comes into operation the following day. The meeting was convened by the Local Food Control Committee, and apart from the Mayor (Alderman A. Hume Nicholl, J.P.), who presided, and Mr. A. W. Brewis (Executive Officer), the members attending included Councillors H. E. Lawrence, W. E. Berry, F. La Vall, and A. C. Knight. In addition to his association with the committee, Mr. Knight is secretary of the London Retail Butchers' Supply Association, an organisation which is carrying on its operations in connection with the Ministry of Food. Having acted in that capacity, he was able to give a great deal of information in response to questions asked.

All the members of the Butchers' Committee attended, as also did Mr. R. A. Peckham, appointed deputy meat agent by the Ministry of Food for this and adjoining boroughs.

Mr. A. W. Brewis made a lucid and carefully prepared statement on the scheme, in the course of which he urged that in future there would be no justification for queues.

Some discussion took place on the subject of closing on certain days of the week. Addressing the meeting Mr. Knight said: You are selling this meat on Government account, and you must keep open a reasonable time to allow the Government customers to come to your shop.

Mr. Arthur Chalk: Are the Ministry going to allow us any latitude as to cutting the exact amount? If not the whole scheme seems to me to be impracticable from the ordinary man's point of view, that is, unless we bone everything and mince it.

Mr. A. C. Knight: I suppose what you mean is if you have coupons presented for 1s. 3d., and you have cut 1s. 5d. worth, can you take the other 2d.?

Mr. Chalk: Exactly.

Mr. Knight said the answer was emphatically no. The 5d. value of the coupon would, if the suggested practice were permitted, even represent anything up to 8d. or 9d. It had already been pointed out that if butchers boned the meat they would make it feather, and the National Kitchen

RATION GUIDE FOR HOUSEHOLDERS.

(CUT THIS OUT FOR REFERENCE.)

THE MEAT CARD.

You can only use four coupons in one week. Take your card with you when you want to buy. The shopkeeper must use all the coupons. You must lay your allotted ration each week or forfeit it.

Fresh Butcher's Meat.—You can only buy at the butcher's where you have registered. You can only use three coupons each week for butcher's meat, including pork. You can buy with each coupon 5d. worth of meat.

Bacon, Tinned Meats, Poultry, etc.—You can use any of the coupons for these, and can buy them at any shop.

Meat Meals in Restaurants.—You can use any of the four coupons, or half-coupons, for buying meat meals at any restaurant, canteen, or eating-house.

WHAT 5d. WILL BUY.

The following indicates the weight of butcher's meat you can get with one 5d. coupon:—

BEEF.

	Oz.		Oz.
Roast steak	2	Wing ribs	4
Leg of beef (boneless)	2	Tripe	20
Do. (with bone)	5	Top ribs	5
Silverside	4	Brisket	4
Stirloin	4	Beef suet	4

MUTTON OR LAMB.

	Oz.		Oz.
Leg	4	Breast	7
Shoulder	5	Chops	20
Neck	4	Scrag	7
Mid neck (steakings)	5		

WHAT THE 4th COUPON WILL BUY.

	oz.
Poultry or game, with offal	10
Without offal	7
Rabbit or hare, with offal	10
Without offal	7
Bacon or ham, uncooked, with bone	4
Without bone	5
Sausages, of 50 per cent. meat	4
50 per cent. meat	5
Cooked butcher's meat, no bone	20
Cooked bird	6
Cooked rabbit or hare	6
Cooked ham, no bone	5
Tinned meat	20
Meat pies, cooked sausages, sandwiches, etc.	20

A child's coupon, of course, will buy only half these weights.

MARGARINE OR BUTTER CARD.

The margarine or butter ration is: 4oz. per head per week. Children rank the same as adults. You can buy it only from the retailer with whom you have registered. You must produce the card or cards every time you buy. You must buy each ration

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(3) A...
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The Old
Comptibles
Z. R.H.A.





AIR RAID MAP OF THE METROPOLITAN AREA AND CENTRAL LONDON



The air raid map of the London area, with its numerous points of interest, is a valuable reference for all those who are interested in the history of the city. It is a valuable reference for all those who are interested in the history of the city. It is a valuable reference for all those who are interested in the history of the city.

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Sheet 37
LONDON
Scale of Miles



"More than Conquerors."

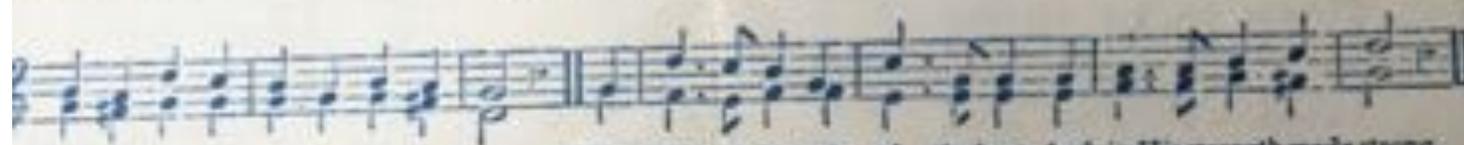
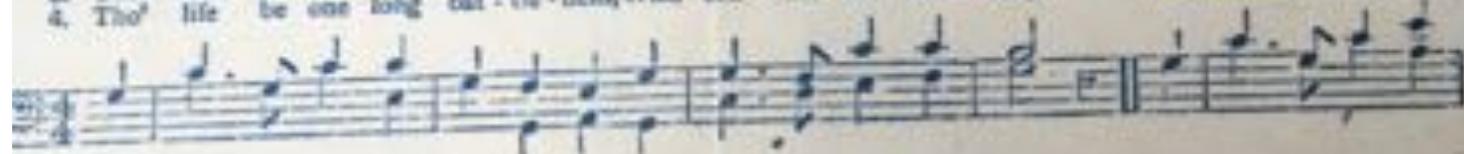
S.C.A. MOTTO HYMN for 1917.

Music by W. LEE BURROW.

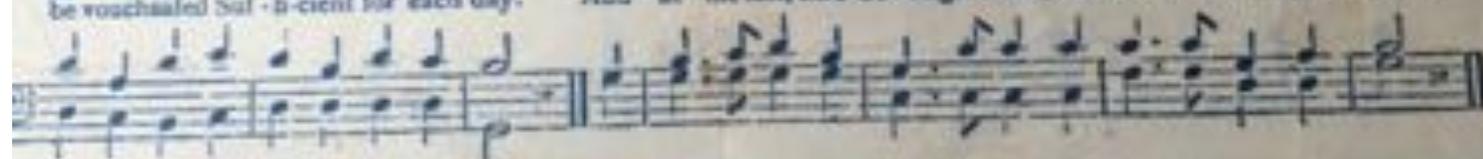
Words by S. E. BURROW.



1. Tho' fierce the fight we have to wage, Why should we har - bour fear? Since He Who call'd us
2. Tho' strong the foe we have to face, Why should we be - dis - may'd? The Sol - dier that in
3. Tho' fend-ish hosts by Sa - tan led Our on - ward course op - pose, The An - gel bands that
4. Tho' life be one long bat - tle - field, With con - flict all the way, We know that strength will



to the fight is with us ev - er near. With Christ as Cap - tain of the host, And in His strength made strong,
Je - sus - trina Need never be a fraud. For though the arm of flesh be weak, Al - nigh - ty is the power
fight for us Out - num - ber all our foes. And God Him - self is on our side, Om - ni - po - tent His Arm;
be vouchsafed suf - fi - cient for each day. And at the last, thro' Sov' - reign Grace, The fi - nal tri - umph won,



We'll smite the foe and lay him low, For Right shall van - quish Wrong. } Then on - ward to the fight, For
That Christ im - parts to trust - ing hearts In their most need - y hour. }
His enc - our - age sure, we fight se - cure, For naught can do us harm. }
The KING shall say, in that glad day - "Sol - dier of Christ, WELL DONE!" }



Hon - our, Truth and Right, E - quipped in Heaven's might, We're more than Con - querors, Yes, more than Con - quer - ors!











MILITARY HISTORY SHEET

1. Name and Address
 NAME: *John H. ...*
 GRADE: *1st Major*
 REG'T: *1st ...*
 DIVISION: *...*
 SERVICE NO.: *...*

- 2. Army School and other institutions of instruction
- 3. Special classes of instruction
- 4. Campaigns, Expeditions, Expeditions, Medals and Decorations
- 5. Wounded
- 6. Effects of Wounds
- 7. Special instances of gallantry or heroism
- 8. Annotate
- 9. Details in or by the Service
- 10. Name and Address of next of kin

Expedition ... 1905-16

W. H. ...

11. Character of Service in which gallantry or heroism was shown, and other circumstances, with date and place of occurrence, and name of commanding officer, and of other officers and crew, if applicable.	12. Name of Service in which gallantry or heroism was shown.	13. Name of Station, and Name of Office.
<i>...</i> <i>...</i> <i>...</i>	<i>...</i> <i>...</i> <i>...</i>	<i>...</i> <i>...</i> <i>...</i>
14. Character of Service in which gallantry or heroism was shown, and other circumstances, with date and place of occurrence, and name of commanding officer, and of other officers and crew, if applicable.	15. Name of Service in which gallantry or heroism was shown.	16. Name of Station, and Name of Office.
<i>...</i> <i>...</i> <i>...</i>	<i>...</i> <i>...</i> <i>...</i>	<i>...</i> <i>...</i> <i>...</i>

0174

Description of *William P. Peck* or Ballistometer

Age *28* years *5* months
 Height *5* feet *7* inches
 Weight *130* lbs
 Color of hair (Dark when fully developed) *Black*
 Color of eyes *Blue*
 Complexion *Fair*
 Religion *Church of England*
 Profession *Surgeon*
 Residence *London*
 Other Particulars (Characteristics to be noted)
 Ethnic *Irish*



Certificate of Medical Examination

I have examined the above-named man and find that he does not present any of the reasons for rejection specified in the Regulations for the Army Medical Service.
 He can see at the required distance with either eye; his heart and lungs are healthy; he has the free use of his joints and limbs, and he declares that he is not subject to fits of any description.
 I consider him *Fit* for the Army.

Date *2* July 1884
 Place *London*
 J. H. Peck
 Medical Officer

Certificate of Primary Military Examination

I hereby certify that the above-named man is approved by me and I consider him *Fit* for service in the *Army* and that the same has been ascertained to be correct.

Date *2* July 1884
 Place *London*
 J. H. Peck
 Recruiting Officer

Certificate of Approving Officer

I certify that this Attestation of the above-named man is correct, and properly filled up, and that the required forms appear to have been complied with. I accordingly approve, and approve to be filed.

Date *2* July 1884
 Place *London*
 J. H. Peck
 Approving Officer

0175

NOT TO BE DETACHED.

Receipt hereby acknowledged receipt of \$111 executed by me whilst serving

in the A.S.M.S.P.A.

Adgtl No. *9722*
Rank.....
Signature.....

27-10-1901

0176

STATEMENT OF SERVICES of No. 47526, Name *William P. ...*

Org. to which assigned	Grade	Position, Station, Component, etc.	Army Post	Date	Service not authorized unless for duty for part of period	Service not authorized unless for duty for part of period	Signature of Officer certifying accuracy of Service
<i>1st Lt</i>	<i>1st Lt</i>	<i>1st Lt</i>	<i>1st Lt</i>	<i>1st Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>2nd Lt</i>	<i>2nd Lt</i>	<i>2nd Lt</i>	<i>2nd Lt</i>	<i>2nd Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
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<i>36th Lt</i>	<i>36th Lt</i>	<i>36th Lt</i>	<i>36th Lt</i>	<i>36th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>37th Lt</i>	<i>37th Lt</i>	<i>37th Lt</i>	<i>37th Lt</i>	<i>37th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>38th Lt</i>	<i>38th Lt</i>	<i>38th Lt</i>	<i>38th Lt</i>	<i>38th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>39th Lt</i>	<i>39th Lt</i>	<i>39th Lt</i>	<i>39th Lt</i>	<i>39th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>40th Lt</i>	<i>40th Lt</i>	<i>40th Lt</i>	<i>40th Lt</i>	<i>40th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>41st Lt</i>	<i>41st Lt</i>	<i>41st Lt</i>	<i>41st Lt</i>	<i>41st Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>42nd Lt</i>	<i>42nd Lt</i>	<i>42nd Lt</i>	<i>42nd Lt</i>	<i>42nd Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>43rd Lt</i>	<i>43rd Lt</i>	<i>43rd Lt</i>	<i>43rd Lt</i>	<i>43rd Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>44th Lt</i>	<i>44th Lt</i>	<i>44th Lt</i>	<i>44th Lt</i>	<i>44th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>45th Lt</i>	<i>45th Lt</i>	<i>45th Lt</i>	<i>45th Lt</i>	<i>45th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>46th Lt</i>	<i>46th Lt</i>	<i>46th Lt</i>	<i>46th Lt</i>	<i>46th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
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<i>48th Lt</i>	<i>48th Lt</i>	<i>48th Lt</i>	<i>48th Lt</i>	<i>48th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>49th Lt</i>	<i>49th Lt</i>	<i>49th Lt</i>	<i>49th Lt</i>	<i>49th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
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<i>51st Lt</i>	<i>51st Lt</i>	<i>51st Lt</i>	<i>51st Lt</i>	<i>51st Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
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<i>58th Lt</i>	<i>58th Lt</i>	<i>58th Lt</i>	<i>58th Lt</i>	<i>58th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>59th Lt</i>	<i>59th Lt</i>	<i>59th Lt</i>	<i>59th Lt</i>	<i>59th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>60th Lt</i>	<i>60th Lt</i>	<i>60th Lt</i>	<i>60th Lt</i>	<i>60th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>61st Lt</i>	<i>61st Lt</i>	<i>61st Lt</i>	<i>61st Lt</i>	<i>61st Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>62nd Lt</i>	<i>62nd Lt</i>	<i>62nd Lt</i>	<i>62nd Lt</i>	<i>62nd Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>63rd Lt</i>	<i>63rd Lt</i>	<i>63rd Lt</i>	<i>63rd Lt</i>	<i>63rd Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>64th Lt</i>	<i>64th Lt</i>	<i>64th Lt</i>	<i>64th Lt</i>	<i>64th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>65th Lt</i>	<i>65th Lt</i>	<i>65th Lt</i>	<i>65th Lt</i>	<i>65th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>66th Lt</i>	<i>66th Lt</i>	<i>66th Lt</i>	<i>66th Lt</i>	<i>66th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>67th Lt</i>	<i>67th Lt</i>	<i>67th Lt</i>	<i>67th Lt</i>	<i>67th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>68th Lt</i>	<i>68th Lt</i>	<i>68th Lt</i>	<i>68th Lt</i>	<i>68th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>69th Lt</i>	<i>69th Lt</i>	<i>69th Lt</i>	<i>69th Lt</i>	<i>69th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>70th Lt</i>	<i>70th Lt</i>	<i>70th Lt</i>	<i>70th Lt</i>	<i>70th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>71st Lt</i>	<i>71st Lt</i>	<i>71st Lt</i>	<i>71st Lt</i>	<i>71st Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>72nd Lt</i>	<i>72nd Lt</i>	<i>72nd Lt</i>	<i>72nd Lt</i>	<i>72nd Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>73rd Lt</i>	<i>73rd Lt</i>	<i>73rd Lt</i>	<i>73rd Lt</i>	<i>73rd Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>74th Lt</i>	<i>74th Lt</i>	<i>74th Lt</i>	<i>74th Lt</i>	<i>74th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>75th Lt</i>	<i>75th Lt</i>	<i>75th Lt</i>	<i>75th Lt</i>	<i>75th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>76th Lt</i>	<i>76th Lt</i>	<i>76th Lt</i>	<i>76th Lt</i>	<i>76th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>77th Lt</i>	<i>77th Lt</i>	<i>77th Lt</i>	<i>77th Lt</i>	<i>77th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>78th Lt</i>	<i>78th Lt</i>	<i>78th Lt</i>	<i>78th Lt</i>	<i>78th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>79th Lt</i>	<i>79th Lt</i>	<i>79th Lt</i>	<i>79th Lt</i>	<i>79th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>80th Lt</i>	<i>80th Lt</i>	<i>80th Lt</i>	<i>80th Lt</i>	<i>80th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>81st Lt</i>	<i>81st Lt</i>	<i>81st Lt</i>	<i>81st Lt</i>	<i>81st Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>82nd Lt</i>	<i>82nd Lt</i>	<i>82nd Lt</i>	<i>82nd Lt</i>	<i>82nd Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>83rd Lt</i>	<i>83rd Lt</i>	<i>83rd Lt</i>	<i>83rd Lt</i>	<i>83rd Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>84th Lt</i>	<i>84th Lt</i>	<i>84th Lt</i>	<i>84th Lt</i>	<i>84th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>85th Lt</i>	<i>85th Lt</i>	<i>85th Lt</i>	<i>85th Lt</i>	<i>85th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>86th Lt</i>	<i>86th Lt</i>	<i>86th Lt</i>	<i>86th Lt</i>	<i>86th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>87th Lt</i>	<i>87th Lt</i>	<i>87th Lt</i>	<i>87th Lt</i>	<i>87th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>88th Lt</i>	<i>88th Lt</i>	<i>88th Lt</i>	<i>88th Lt</i>	<i>88th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>89th Lt</i>	<i>89th Lt</i>	<i>89th Lt</i>	<i>89th Lt</i>	<i>89th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>90th Lt</i>	<i>90th Lt</i>	<i>90th Lt</i>	<i>90th Lt</i>	<i>90th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>91st Lt</i>	<i>91st Lt</i>	<i>91st Lt</i>	<i>91st Lt</i>	<i>91st Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>92nd Lt</i>	<i>92nd Lt</i>	<i>92nd Lt</i>	<i>92nd Lt</i>	<i>92nd Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>93rd Lt</i>	<i>93rd Lt</i>	<i>93rd Lt</i>	<i>93rd Lt</i>	<i>93rd Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>94th Lt</i>	<i>94th Lt</i>	<i>94th Lt</i>	<i>94th Lt</i>	<i>94th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>95th Lt</i>	<i>95th Lt</i>	<i>95th Lt</i>	<i>95th Lt</i>	<i>95th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>96th Lt</i>	<i>96th Lt</i>	<i>96th Lt</i>	<i>96th Lt</i>	<i>96th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>97th Lt</i>	<i>97th Lt</i>	<i>97th Lt</i>	<i>97th Lt</i>	<i>97th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>98th Lt</i>	<i>98th Lt</i>	<i>98th Lt</i>	<i>98th Lt</i>	<i>98th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>99th Lt</i>	<i>99th Lt</i>	<i>99th Lt</i>	<i>99th Lt</i>	<i>99th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>
<i>100th Lt</i>	<i>100th Lt</i>	<i>100th Lt</i>	<i>100th Lt</i>	<i>100th Lt</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>

DISPERSAL CENTRE

COLONY RECORDS

Signature of Officer certifying accuracy of Service

Total Service Substituted as shown

Assignment to _____ Date of discharge _____

8177

SHORT SERVICE. DUPLICATE

(Three years with the Colours)

ATTESTATION OF

No. 7556 Name William [unclear] Corp [unclear]

Questions to be put to the Soldier before enlistment

1. What is your name? *William [unclear]*
2. Is or were you French or Irish or any other name? *No*
3. Are you a British Subject? *Yes*
4. What is your age? *20*
5. What is your Trade or Calling? *None*
6. Have you ever been in your Father's House for three years continuously in the same place or occupied a house or part of the same and if not for the year, and paid rates for the same, was, or occupied, if so, what date? *No*
7. Are you, or have you been, an Apprentice? If so, where is this? *No*
8. Are you Married? *No*
9. Have you ever been sentenced to imprisonment by the Court Law? *No*
10. Do you now belong to the Royal Navy, the Army, the Royal Marines, the Militia, the Yeomanry, the Volunteers, the Army Reserve, the Militia Reserve, or any other body? *No*
11. Have you ever served in the Royal Navy, the Army, the Royal Marines, the Militia, the Yeomanry, the Volunteers, the Army Reserve, the Militia Reserve, or any other body? *No*
12. Have you ever served the whole, if any, of your previous term? *No*
13. Have you ever been rejected as unfit for the Military or Naval Service? *No*
14. Are you willing to be enlisted for General Service? *Yes*
15. Did you receive a Notice and do you understand its meaning, and do you consent to it? *Yes*
16. Are you willing to serve upon the following conditions proposed His Majesty? *Yes*

For a term of three years, unless We have longer than three years in which case you will be bound until the War ends. If you are not the only person named in this Notice, you are to be bound until the War ends, and you are to be bound until the War ends, and you are to be bound until the War ends.

I, *William [unclear]*, do hereby certify that the above answers made by me to the above questions are true, and that I am willing to fulfil the obligations proposed. SIGNATURE OF ENLISTED. *W. [unclear]* Signature of Witness. *W. [unclear]*

OATH TO BE TAKEN BY SOLDIERS ON ENLISTMENT.

I, *William [unclear]*, swear by Almighty God that I will be faithful and true to His Majesty King George the Fifth, His Heirs and Successors, and that I will, as in duty bound, loyalty and fidelity do to His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, in Town, Camp, and garrison against all enemies, and will observe and obey all orders of His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, and of the Generals and Officers who may see. So help me God.

CERTIFICATE OF MAGISTRATE ON ATTESTING OFFICER.

The Enlistment above recorded was witnessed by me that it is made up like answer to any of the above questions he was asked as provided in the Army Act. I certify that the undersigned each question, and that his answer to each question has been given voluntarily, and that the said recruit has made and signed the declaration and taken the oath.

Signature of the Justice *[Signature]*

0178

No. 95506.....

Name D. W. Peck.....

Returned:..

1. Marriage certificate,

2. Birth certificates,

Date of 1915.

0175

IF FOUND, please drop this Certificate in a Post Office letter box.

Army Form E. 11.

NOTICE.—(This document is Government property. It is no security whatever for debt, and any person being in possession of it, either as a pledge or security for debt, or without lawful authority or excuse, is liable under Section 310 (2) of the Army Act to a fine of twenty pounds (£20) or imprisonment for six months, or to both fine and imprisonment.)

PROTECTION CERTIFICATE AND CERTIFICATE OF IDENTITY (SOLDIER NOT REMAINING WITH THE COLOURS).

General Unit Stamp and date of deposit.

Surname PECK
(Block letters)

Christian Name William

2 OFFICERS
CRYSTAL PALACE

Regt. No. 40006 Rank Private Record Office R.H.Q. A. 74

Unit 1st Bn. 40006 Regt. or Corps R.H.Q. Pay Office -

I have received an advance of £2. † Address for Pay 305, Boscawenfield
(Signature of Soldier) W. Peck Blades, Ringfield St., Wilmington

The above-named soldier is granted 28 days furlough from the date stamped hereon pending* 1 (as far as can be ascertained) which will date from the last day of furlough after which date uniform will not be worn except upon occasions authorized by Army Orders.

Theatre of War or Command E.C.

Born in the Year 1887

Medical Category PA

Place of reporting in case of emergency Wincobury

Specialist Military Qualification -

* If for Final Demobilisation Part 1. (Demobilisation Part 2. Transfer to Reserve Part 2.

† As this is the address to which pay and discharge documents will be sent unless further notification is received, any change of address must be reported at once to the Record Office and the Pay Office as noted above, otherwise delay in settlement will occur.

R. W. Wade

This Certificate must be produced when applying for an Unemployed Sailor's and Soldier's Donation Policy or, if demanded, whenever applying for Unemployment benefit.

Date 10/11/1918 Office of Issue

Policy issued No. 22066123

(8)

0180

MILITARY HISTORY SHEET.

NAME	DATE	IN WHAT YEAR	TYPE	REMARKS
Texas	June 18	1845

1. Army killed and other accidents of education

2. Personal names of instructors

3. Campaigns (with) medals and decorations

4. Wounded

5. Effects of wounds

6. ~~...~~ Wounded

7. Accidents

8. Injuries to or by the service

9. Name and Address of next of kin

10. ...

11. ...

12. ...

NAME	DATE	PLACE	REMARKS
Sarah Cook
...

NAME	DATE AND PLACE OF BIRTH	REMARKS
Sarah Cook	18 L.
...

Description of William Peck on 28 (insert)

Age 20 years 5 months *
 Height 5 feet 7 inches
 Weight 120 lbs
 Chest 34 inches (with what fully expanded 35 inches)
 Circumference of expansion 2 inches *
 Complexion Fair
 Eyes Blue
 Hair Fair
 Character of English
 Physical build
 Wesleyan
 Degree or Congressional
 Other Distinctions
 Languages known
 French

Distinctive marks, and marks belonging to previous particular or previous service.
 Distinctive marks (such as of disfigurement, scars, etc.) which in all cases should be described, and in every case, made a part of the record, by abbreviation, or otherwise (shown)

Certificate of Medical Examination.

I have examined the above-named man and find that he does not present any of the causes of rejection specified in the Regulations for the Army Medical Service.

He can see at the required distance with either eye - his heart and lungs are healthy - he has the free use of his joints and limbs and he declares that he is not subject to any of the causes of rejection specified in the Regulations for the Army.

Date 3/18 1898
 Place Fort
 I certify that the above is a true and correct copy of the original, and will remain the property of the Surgeon General, and will be destroyed only in the case of those who have been discharged, and will remain the property of the Surgeon General.

Certificate of Primary Military Examination.

I hereby certify that the above-named recruit was inspected by me and I consider him fit for service in the Regiment and that he has been accepted in his regiment.

Date 3/18 1898
 Place Fort
 I certify that the above is a true and correct copy of the original, and will remain the property of the Surgeon General, and will be destroyed only in the case of those who have been discharged, and will remain the property of the Surgeon General.

Certificate of Approving Officer.

I certify that this Abstract of the above-named recruit is correct, and properly filled up, and that the required forms appear to be properly filled up. I am, therefore, approving, and support him in that Regiment.

If called by special authority, Army Form 8, 202 (or other authority for the regulations) will be at the disposal of the Surgeon General.

* The duration of the Approving Officer is to be at least 10 days, and he must be a Captain or higher rank.

0182



0184

Cable
Reference No. Y. B.N.A./93

MINISTRY OF PENSIONS,
Barrack Court,
Kings' Road,
LONDON, S.W. 3

7 APR 1919

Sir,
I am directed by the Minister of Pensions to inform you of the unauthorised decision in the case of a man whose discharge documents have been recently received with the view to having the claim to pension considered.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,

F. A. Williams
Director, Pensions Awards Branch

To the Officer Commanding

R. H. ...
Regiment

Rank and previous... *Private* Regimental No. *96506*

Name *Robert ...*

Regiment or Corps *R. 14th ...*

Date of Discharge *25.3.19* Age on Discharge *35* Marital Status *Married*

Address on Discharge *208 ...*

Disability *1. ...*

Degree of Disablement *30%*

Weekly Pension *1/6* Also to be reviewed in *52* weeks *Count*

Allowance for *Police* children *3*

...

0185

Cable
Reference No. Y. B.N.A./93

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Barrack Court,
Kings' Road,
LONDON, S.W. 3

7 APR 1919

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Disability *1. ...*

Degree of Disablement *30%*

Weekly Pension *1/6* Also to be reviewed in *52* weeks *Count*

Allowance for *Police* children *3*

...

0185

Inside Sheet.
(For Original Attention.)

No. 106 Name J. Edgar Hoover
(Check one to be done.)

No.	From whom	Purpose and Date	Action
	R.S.R. 2 J.P. HQ.	Cable for W Call for AFB 77	[Handwritten notes]
	U.S.	[Handwritten notes]	[Handwritten notes]
	B20 to R. [unclear] B103 B.20 [unclear]	[unclear] is W. [unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear]	[Handwritten notes]

0186

STATEMENT of the SERVICES of Edward Hollman

Grade	Date of Entry	Position, Substation, Component, etc.	Army by	Date	Other
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Army Department 1st year 6 months

Reserve 1st year Army Service

Reserve 1st year Reserve Service

Reserve 1st year United States Army Service

Reserve 1st year Reserve Service

<u>R.A. 1st Lt</u>	<u>1918</u>	<u>1st Lt</u>	<u>1st</u>	<u>1918</u>	
<u>2nd Lt</u>	<u>1918</u>	<u>2nd Lt</u>	<u>1st</u>	<u>1918</u>	
<u>3rd Lt</u>	<u>1918</u>	<u>3rd Lt</u>	<u>1st</u>	<u>1918</u>	
<u>4th Lt</u>	<u>1918</u>	<u>4th Lt</u>	<u>1st</u>	<u>1918</u>	
<u>5th Lt</u>	<u>1918</u>	<u>5th Lt</u>	<u>1st</u>	<u>1918</u>	
<u>6th Lt</u>	<u>1918</u>	<u>6th Lt</u>	<u>1st</u>	<u>1918</u>	
<u>7th Lt</u>	<u>1918</u>	<u>7th Lt</u>	<u>1st</u>	<u>1918</u>	
<u>8th Lt</u>	<u>1918</u>	<u>8th Lt</u>	<u>1st</u>	<u>1918</u>	
<u>9th Lt</u>	<u>1918</u>	<u>9th Lt</u>	<u>1st</u>	<u>1918</u>	
<u>10th Lt</u>	<u>1918</u>	<u>10th Lt</u>	<u>1st</u>	<u>1918</u>	
<u>11th Lt</u>	<u>1918</u>	<u>11th Lt</u>	<u>1st</u>	<u>1918</u>	
<u>12th Lt</u>	<u>1918</u>	<u>12th Lt</u>	<u>1st</u>	<u>1918</u>	
<u>13th Lt</u>	<u>1918</u>	<u>13th Lt</u>	<u>1st</u>	<u>1918</u>	
<u>14th Lt</u>	<u>1918</u>	<u>14th Lt</u>	<u>1st</u>	<u>1918</u>	
<u>15th Lt</u>	<u>1918</u>	<u>15th Lt</u>	<u>1st</u>	<u>1918</u>	
<u>16th Lt</u>	<u>1918</u>	<u>16th Lt</u>	<u>1st</u>	<u>1918</u>	
<u>17th Lt</u>	<u>1918</u>	<u>17th Lt</u>	<u>1st</u>	<u>1918</u>	
<u>18th Lt</u>	<u>1918</u>	<u>18th Lt</u>	<u>1st</u>	<u>1918</u>	
<u>19th Lt</u>	<u>1918</u>	<u>19th Lt</u>	<u>1st</u>	<u>1918</u>	
<u>20th Lt</u>	<u>1918</u>	<u>20th Lt</u>	<u>1st</u>	<u>1918</u>	
<u>21st Lt</u>	<u>1918</u>	<u>21st Lt</u>	<u>1st</u>	<u>1918</u>	
<u>22nd Lt</u>	<u>1918</u>	<u>22nd Lt</u>	<u>1st</u>	<u>1918</u>	
<u>23rd Lt</u>	<u>1918</u>	<u>23rd Lt</u>	<u>1st</u>	<u>1918</u>	
<u>24th Lt</u>	<u>1918</u>	<u>24th Lt</u>	<u>1st</u>	<u>1918</u>	
<u>25th Lt</u>	<u>1918</u>	<u>25th Lt</u>	<u>1st</u>	<u>1918</u>	
<u>26th Lt</u>	<u>1918</u>	<u>26th Lt</u>	<u>1st</u>	<u>1918</u>	
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<u>100th Lt</u>	<u>1918</u>	<u>100th Lt</u>	<u>1st</u>	<u>1918</u>	

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Southend Village. Gifford - SE.

INSTRUCTIONS for the Civil Population

in the event of a Landing by the Enemy in this Country, an event less probable now than earlier in the War.

It has come to the notice of the Military Authorities that there is some doubt on the part of the Civil population, particularly in the Eastern and South-Eastern Counties, as to the preparations which have been made for the conduct and movement of the Civil population in case of invasion or other emergency.

In order to allay any apprehension on this point it is notified that complete schemes for regulating the action of the inhabitants have been framed by the Central Organising Committee under the Lord Lieutenant of the County, but that it is not proposed to publish these in detail until an emergency actually exists.

Meanwhile, however, it is considered that the following instructions may be of service in giving the Civil population a general outline of the course of action on their part which will be most helpful in enabling the authorities, both Civil and Military to put their plans into execution.

People. (1.) As it is of primary importance that the free movement of His Majesty's Troops should not be hampered by the presence of civilians on the roads, it is necessary to control the use of roads by non-combatants, and to close certain roads. The Civil population will therefore do wisely to remain in their homes (except in case of actual bombardment). Owing to Military requirements, Refugees will not be able to use the railways; nor can furniture or baggage be conveyed in any public vehicle.

Transport. (2) All motors, bicycles, carriages, carts and other vehicles, harness-horses, mules, donkeys, petrol launches and lighters, will be taken at once to pre-arranged places of assembly, where further Military directions will be given. Those not required for the service of the Troops may be detailed for the use of Civilians, or be ordered to be removed. Any which cannot be removed will, **under Military Order** (conveyed by the Police), be rendered unserviceable or destroyed.

119
10440

19/6/17

PROCEEDINGS OF A MEDICAL BOARD

assembled at WELSH HOSPITAL WETLEY. on 25.6.17.

by order of A.C.I. 483 dated 9/3/17.

for the purpose of examining and reporting upon the present state of health of

(Rank and Name) S/Lieut. Wilfred Owen. (Corps) 5/Std. 2/Manchester.

Age 24 Service 1.9/18 Disability Neurasthenia (148)

Date of commencement of leave granted for present disability

Date on which placed on half-pay for present disability

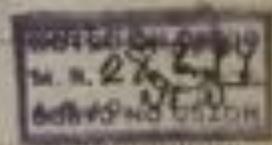
The Board having assembled pursuant to order, and having read the instructions on the back of the form, proceed to examine the above-named officer and find that

in March 1917 he fell down a well at Bouchoir, and was momentarily stunned. He was under medical treatment for 3 weeks, and then resumed duty. About the middle of April he was blown up by a shell explosion while he was solo. On May 1st, he was observed to be shaky and tremulous, and his conduct and manner were peculiar, and his memory was confused. The R.M.O. sent him to No. 41 Sty. H. Gailly where he was under observation and treatment by Capt. Frown R. A.M.C., Neurological Specialist for a month. On 7/6/17

he was transferred to No. 1 G.H. Etretat, and on 16/6/17 to the Welsh Hospital Wetley. There is little abnormality to be observed but he seems to be of a highly strung temperament. He has slept well while here. He leaves Hospital to-day transferred to Craig Lockart War Hospital, Edinburgh for special observation and treatment.

The Board will classify the officer under one of the following categories, the probable period of unfitness for the higher categories being stated.

- 1. Fit for General Service Unfit six months.
- 2. Fit for service in a Garrison or Labour Battalion abroad. No officer likely to be fit for general service within six months should be classed in this category } Not applicable. R
- 3. Fit for Home Service Unfit three months.
- 4. Fit for Light Duty at Home Unfit three months.
- 5. Requiring indoor hospital treatment—
 - (a.) In an Officers' Hospital Yes.
 - (b.) In an Officers' Convalescent Hospital Not applicable.
- 6. (a.) Fit for light duty at a Command Depot Not applicable.
- (b.) Fit for treatment only at a Command Depot Not applicable.
- 7. In very special cases such as tuberculosis leave not exceeding six months may be recommended by Medical Boards for special treatment, the Board giving detailed reasons for any such recommendation Not applicable.



D. D. by P. Scott, General

A
SHORT HISTORY
OF THE
39th (DEPTFORD)
Divisional Artillery
1915-1918.

By
Lt.-Col. H. W. WIEBKIN, M.C.
(late R.F.A.)

LONDON:
E. G. BODDAM & Sons, Limited,
Printers and Publishers.
1923.



LT.-COL SIR W. A. WAYLAND, J.P.

GROVE PARK AND THE GREAT WAR

Both the stranger to Grove Park and any resident born after 1939 can be forgiven for wondering how one can write even a short book about the district during the First World War of 1914 to 1918, hereinafter referred to as the Great War. The truth of the matter is that it is difficult to encompass all the material in a book of this size, so rich is the history of the district in those years.

At the outbreak of the war in 1914, Grove Park was still a young community. It had started some forty years earlier following the opening of Grove Park station in 1871. From a small number of villa-type houses in Baring Road (then known as Bromley Road) and Chinbrook Road, the district expanded slowly. After the 1890s, the houses built tended to be more modest, although most of them were still aimed towards the middle classes. From 1883 the community was served by a Methodist Church in Burnt Ash Hill and from 1886 an Anglican Church, St Augustine's in Baring Road. There was also a cluster of shops surrounding the station and a hostelry, the Baring Hall Hotel. The district was very select and, not surprisingly, there was some opposition in the 1890s to the building of a workhouse for Greenwich; but it was built.

In 1914 Grove Park was still growing. Its centre was, of course, the railway station which, a few years earlier, had been enlarged to permit the doubling of the main line to the coast. H C Trigg, the Station Master, lived in a house adjoining the station yard.

The train service was operated by steam locomotives at approximately half-hourly intervals with a scheduled time of 18 to 20 minutes to London Bridge. A coal distribution business was operated by George Hind from a wharf at the station. Adjoining the station frontage onto Baring Road in what was known as Grove Park Terrace, was the estate office of Charles Durbin, the drapers Vincent & Radford and newsagent/tobacconist John Dowden. Adjoining the station on the north side, but with the frontage on Chinbrook Road, was Grove Park House where the former Superintendent of the Line of the South Eastern & Chatham Railway Company, William Thomson, resided.

Facing the station was the Baring Hall Hotel which was adjoined by the baker Bert Ewens, the dairy shop of Edwards & Sons and the Sub-Post Office under George Jordan. The post was collected eleven times a day between 08 20 and 23 50; post boxes were also situated in Chinbrook Road and Somertrees Avenue. Next to the post office came the grocer H W Ford, greengrocer Caleb Hawes and the office of local builder Albert Durbin (he was the father of Charles whose office was nearly opposite).

The houses stretched from the shops southwards towards, but not reaching, the boundary with Bromley. In Chinbrook Road houses lined both sides of the road. Amblecote Road, a turning off Chinbrook Road, was still being developed and some of the newer houses were still vacant. Luffman Road (then Fairfield Road) was still only partly developed and among its residents were local builders Edward Wootton and Thomas Backhouse. To the north side of the station, there were a number of big houses on both sides of Baring Road, but they were not continuous and stopped on the brow of the hill as if to suggest that the communities of Grove Park and St Mildred's did not want to meet yet. There were still fields in Baring Road and these were used to graze the cattle of Edwards & Sons who controlled Burnt Ash Farm at the northern end of Baring Road and Thomas Clark whose Butterfield Dairy, also in the adjoining parish of St Mildred's, lay nearby in the street of that name that was later to be renamed Waito Davies Road.



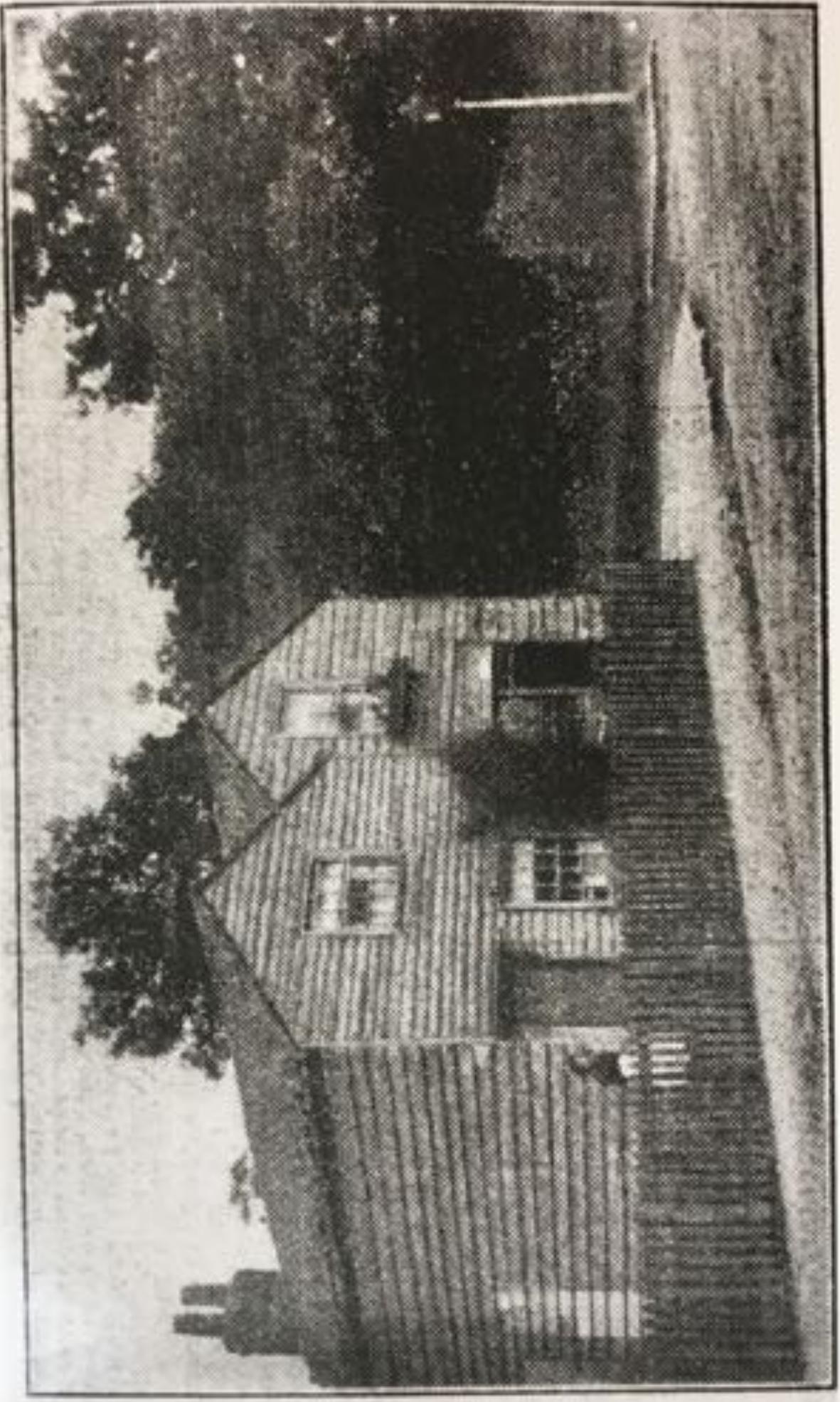
MILL

SOUTH END





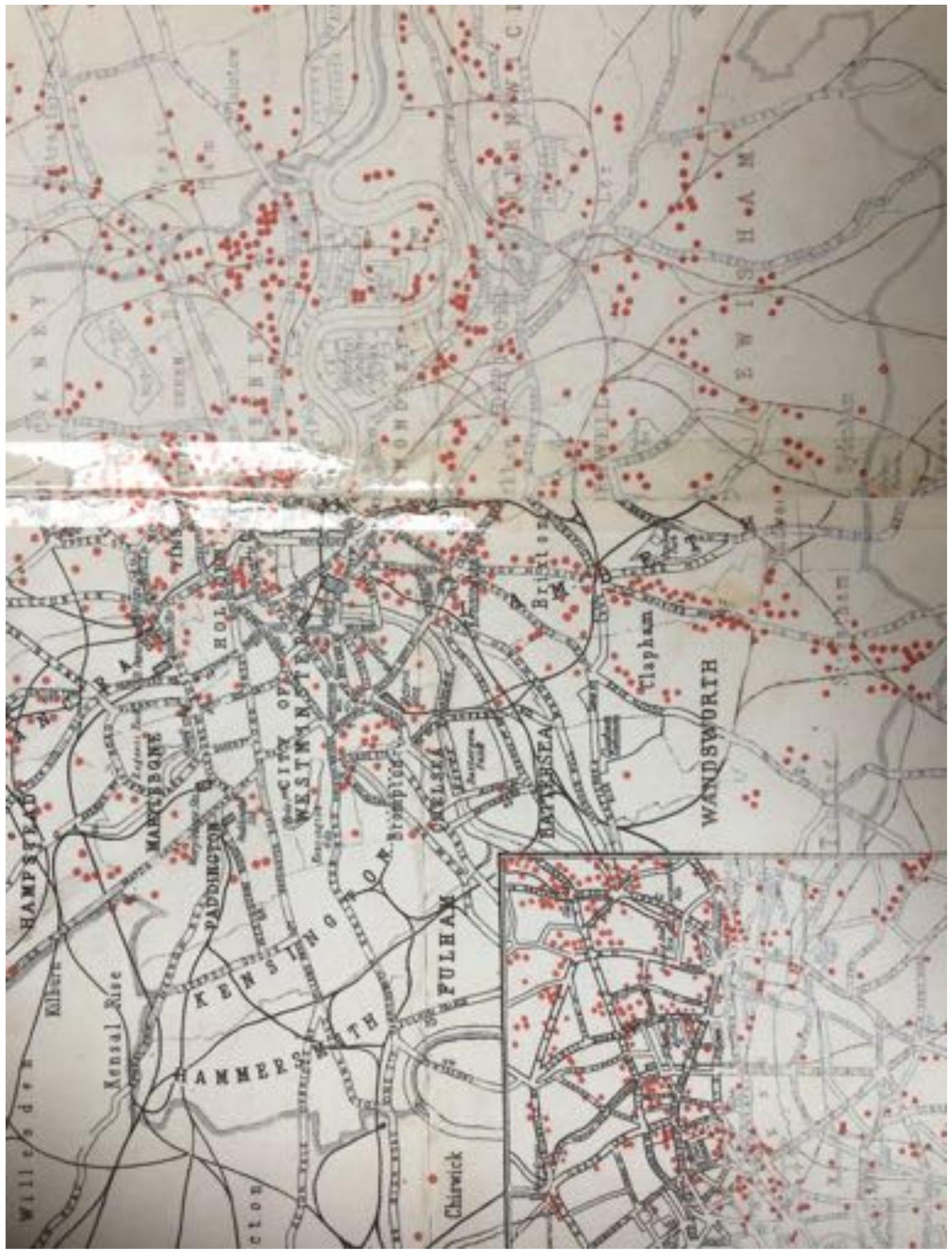








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I am quite well.

I have been admitted into hospital

{ sick } and am going on well.

{ wounded } and hope to be discharged soon.

I am being sent down to the base.

I have received your { *letter dated* _____
telegram " _____
parcel " _____

Letter follows at first opportunity.

I have received no letter from you

{ lately

{ for a long time.

Signature }
only }

Date _____